SEYMOUR DAILY REPUBLICAN

VOLUME XXXI NO. 76 SEYMOUR, INDIANA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1912. PRICE TWO CENTS

DEMOCRATS WHO WON THURSDAY

In the Jackson County Primary. No Sensational Surprises In the Result.

SEYMOUR MEN DEFEATED

In the Contests in Which Greatest Interest Centered. The Official Returns.

For Congressman—Lincoln Dixon.
State Senator—E. P. Elsner.
Representative—John C. Branaman.
Judge—Joseph Shea.
Prosecutor—John H. Underwood.
Sheriff—Van Robertson.
Auditor—Albert Luedtke.
Treasurer—John E. Belding.
Commissioner Second District — Sherman Hall.
Commissioner Third District—James M. Fleetwood.
Coroner—William C. Daly.

The above candidates were the winners in the Jackson county Democratic primary, held Thursday. The result does not contain any very startling surprises, as the men who won the nomination for which were contests are in each case, with possibly one exception, the ones who had been considered the favorites in the races by the majority of persons who were familiar with the campaign. There were many, however, who believed Kasting and Jennings had good chances of winning and their supporters had developed much confidence during the last few days of the campaign, especially. The strength shown by Vornholt surprised many.

A large number of persons remained up late Thursday night here and elsewhere in the county, waiting for the returns. The latter began coming in before eight o'clock, but the last were not in until midnight.

The canvassing board—C. W. Burkhart and Willard Stout—met at Brownstown this morning and tabulated the returns.

The official returns show the candidates who had no opposition to have received the following votes: Dixon, 2027; Elsner, 1788; Branaman, 1830; Shea, 1796; Hall, 1757; Fleetwood, 1705. The total votes received by the other candidates were:

For Prosecutor—	
John H. Underwood	1049
Noble Hays	.657
A. C. Branaman	453
Sheriff—	
Albert Kasting	1110
Van Robertson	1326
Auditor—	
Ed Jennings	1095
Albert Luedtke	1243
Treasurer—	
John E. Belding	1161
Augustus Vornholt	1015
Coronor—	
William Daly	1157
William Dickmeyer	802

It was the second race for both Kastings and Jennings. They made fine showings in their first races, and it was contended by their friends that they should have the nominations this time. The defeat of Branaman by a man from outside the county was not relished by his friends.

If the men selected Thursday are elected, Seymour men will be scare around the court house, as with the retirement of Price as treasurer, there would be no one from here holding office there excepting the judge.

MASS CONVENTION

To Select Democratic Delegates—Possibility of Contest.

A large number of Democrats went to Brownstown to attend the mass convention to be held this afternoon for the selection of delegates to the state, congressional, senatorial and judicial conventions.

It has been the expectation that the convention might develop some excitement. Congressman Dixon and Judge Shea have no opposition and according to the primary results Thursday, Ed Elsner, for senator, and John Underwood, for prosecutor, are entitled to the delegates from this county. Elsner's friends hold that one should have the privilege of naming the delegates to the senatorial convention and there have been reports that he might have trouble in some quarters in obtaining this privilege. There has been some opposition in Brownstown to this plan, but this morning it appeared that some of the fight had died out. It is in regard to the state delegation that trouble has been looked for. It has been the plan to select a Ralston slate and put through resolutions for him. There are many Boehne men in the county, and there was a possibility of their putting up a strong fight against the cut and dried plan. It is understood that slates for all the delegations have been prepared, and whether they can be put through is the question.

Attorney-General Honan is slated for chairman of the convention.

When the convention met, H. C. Johnson moved that a committee be named as at past conventions, to select the delegates to the various conventions, but the motion was defeated and and each township was allowed to select its own delegate.

The men named by Jackson township were:

State Delegates—H. C. Johnson, J. H. Shea, J. H. Matlock, Arthur Jerrell, Albert Ahlbrand.
Alternates—H. R. Kyte, Ed Boyles, H. M. Miller, Chas. Sauer, Knowles Mann.
Judicial—Geo. Huber, Victor Fetig, A. V. Lawell, C. W. Burkart, Peter Richart.
Alternates—J. F. Shiel, Clyde McGowan, Jerry Collins, Ed Loertz, Frank Spanagel.
Senatorial—O. O. Swails, C. W. Burkart, Henry Werning, Charles Sauer, Albert Kasting.
Alternates — Walter Droege, Ben Moritz, Chas. Steinwedel, Wm. Buse, Henry Alwes.
Congressional — Allen Swope, Frank Meeh, F. W. Wesner, Wm. Ruse, August Rittman.
Alternates—Chas. Steinwedel, Chas. Vogel, Geo. Williams, Henry Alwes, Adolph Steinwedel.

The committeemen reported elected in the different townships Thursday were:

Redding—
Jas. Luckey.
William Lafkin, Jr.
Vernon—
John Kovenor.
Ben Deputy.
John G. Offutt.
Salt Creek—
Henry S. Hill.
Bruce Fleetwood.
Charles Tinch.
Owen—
East, J. E. Tanner.
West, J. L. Stilwell.
Hamilton—
Harold Robertson.
Harmon Darlage.
Carr—
George M. Findley.
L. A. Henderson.

Ten to be selected from Seymour soon, then county chairman to be chosen.

Committeemen.

Driftwood—
North, George H. Geyer.
South, Ed C. Peters.
Grassy Fork—
West. John D. Stahl.
East, Ralph E. Johnson.
Brownstown—
Charles F. Eddinger.
John Haman.
R. B. Applewhite.
J. Ross Robertson.
Thomas Bridgewater.
Washington—
William Bretthauer.

VOTE OF JACKSON COUNTY

Democratic Primary Election, Thursday, February 22, 1912

TOWNSHIPS	Jackson	Redding	Hamilton	Brownstown	Vernon	Salt Creek	Carr	Driftwood	Washington	Grassy Fork	Owen	Total
PROSECUTOR												
Hays	227	35	34	104	85	20	27	28	34	37	18	657
Branaman	216	34	36	58	20	15	10	22	14	17	10	453
Underwood	243	45	86	248	87	96	92	55	12	22	57	1049
SHERIFF												
Kasting	480	83	68	140	78	48	44	46	59	44	21	1110
Robertson	306	46	105	340	132	95	108	66	21	37	70	1326
AUDITOR												
Jennings	534	94	90	112	98	51	15	22	36	28	30	1095
Luedtke	212	32	73	346	94	92	150	92	41	53	59	1243
TREASURER												
Belding	367	52	63	251	162	69	33	38	37	30	40	1161
Vornholt	301	61	100	168	42	56	69	60	42	47	46	1015
CORONER												
D ly	418	75	95	186	112	96	50	41	22	22	49	1157
Dickmeyer	203	30	52	188	60	26	58	52	45	55	23	802

The totals in the above are official and correct. Some errors appear in the township returns which were received Thursday.

A Rare Bird.

On exhibition in the window at this office is a mounted white swan, which is attracting much attention. It is the property of Elder Harley Jackson, who received it this morning. It came as a present from his nephew, Gaton Armstrong, who is a rancher in Montana. It is a bird which is rare in the United States, and was captured at a point sixty miles from a railroad.

CARD OF THANKS.

We desire to thank all our neighbors and friends for their sympathy and help during the illness and at the death and burial of our mother and grandmother, Mrs. Minnie Opp. The kindness of Rev. H. Knauff and the floral tributes were especially appreciated.

THE FAMILY.

DIED.

WILDE—An infant son of Prof. and Mrs. Albert Wilde died Thursday and was buried in the Hackman cemetery today.

I. O. O. F. NOTICE.

Regular meeting Beharrell Encampment, 8 o'clock tonight.

WM. MESEKE, Scribe.

Donations for the Charity Market will be appreciated. Leave at Public Service Co. office or telephone 514.

Last chance for bargains at the Fair Store. f24d

A DIRECTOR.

Seymour Young Woman at Head of Wellesley Movement.

A press dispatch from Boston this morning stated that Miss Edna Swope, of this city, a student at Wellesley, had been honored by selection as director of a movement for the collection of a fund of $100,000 from Wellesly students and former students of the school.

The money is to be used for the erection of an amusement hall in the campus. Miss Swope was in charge of a fair recently, at which $1200 for the fund was cleared, and her selection for director of the movement is a compliment to her ability as an executive.

ATTENTION, EAGLES!

Solid gold emblems at T. R. Haley's store at $1.50 while they last. Phone 739.

The ladies of St. Paul church are very anxious to use the columns of the Republican to thank all of their friends for the very kind patronage at their sale of needlework at the social yesteday. It was a success in every way, and the income of $70 will be quite a help to the organ fund. Easter Monday the ladies are planning even now for their annual chicken supper and ask their friends and the public in general to keep the date in mind.

The Sunday School of the First M. E. church has arranged for some class to entertain each month. Last night Mrs. Mary Cross gave a Washington entertainment. A program of readings and musical numbers was given and after the serving of refreshments some time was spent in playing games and in a social way.

Patronize the Charity Market Saturday for bread, cakes, dressed chickens and other articles for Sunday dinner.

Mrs. George Loertz, who makes her home with her daughter, Mrs. E. B. Aufderheide, on Indianapolis avenue, is in a critical condition. This morning she fell with what is thought to have been a stroke of paralysis. She had been in her usual health recently.

William Mains, con of Dr. and Mrs. L. M. Mains, Jr., is quite sick with pneumonia fever.

BANK SWINDLER

Taken to Indianapolis to Face Charge There.

The following from the Indianapolis Star refers, it is believed, to the man who operated here and at Columbus under the name of F. A. Manton:

Accused of swindles against Indiana banks, that are said to have netted him nearly $4,000 in the last year, Leonard Brokaw will be brought to Indianapolis from Peru today or tomorrow to face a specific charge of passing a fraudulent check for $992 on an Indianapolis bank. He will be brought here in charge of Detective Harry C. Webster of Indianapolis, who was instrumental in causing his arrest at Peru. Brokaw will be tried in the Marion Criminal Court.

It is said Brokaw deposited the fraudulent check with the local bank and was given a certificate of deposit. This has never been presented for payment, so the bank has not suffered financially through the transaction. Brokaw's arrest followed a search of three months. It was accomplished through reports made by bankers belonging to the Indiana Bankers' Association to its secretary, Andrew Smith of Indianapolis.

At Peru Detective Webster was informed that the alleged forger whom he was seeking had attempted to cash a $550 check at a Peru bank. From the description given him of the man at the bank, Brokaw's arrest was made on the street. Brokaw denies all charges and says he is willing to stand trial.

The largest amount said to have been gained by Brokaw was $1,110 from the Morristown Union National Bank. In the cities and towns where his alleged fradulent operations have been carried on Brokaw is said first to have deposited a small amount of money along with a forged check for collection. Representing himself to be a farmer, he is said to have applied for a part of the amount called for by the forged check soon after, and then to have disappeared. Brokaw's home is said to be in Fort Wayne.

It is alleged that Brokaw obtained $500 from the Bank of Walton, $265 from the Columbia State Bank at Oakland City, $187 from the Citizen's National Bank at Hartford City, $180 from the Delaware County National Bank of Muncie, and smaller sums in other cities in the northern and central part of the state.

Brokaw is said to have used the names of Leroy Arbuckle, Frank Lockhart, M. H. Harter and George Wallace in signing the alleged fraudulent checks.

Simmen & Bottorff have rented the ground floor and the north upstairs room in the Scheibe building for the purpose of opening a new hardware store in Mitchell, and William Morarity has been busy the past week rearranging the shelving and getting the room in readiness to receive the stock. Walter E. Simmens comes here from Columbus, Ind., but has recently been connected with a large hardware store in Indianapolis; Kelsa F. Bottorff comes from Seymour. We welcome the new firm to Mitchell and hope they will find business both pleasant and profitable. Mitchell is large enough for two hardware stores and will make a better trading point by having two.—Mitchell Commercial.

Only a few more days for your bargains at the Fair Store. f24d

Republican Want Ads Pay.

BOY SCOUTS

Of Crothersville, Attended Carnival at Louisville.

The Boy Scout movement in Crothersville, under the direction of Dr. H. P. Butt, has become very popular among the boys of that town, and promises to become a strong influence for good.

Thursday a Boy Scout carnival was held in Louisville on the occasion of a visit there by Gen. Baden-Powell, of England, founder of the Boy Scout movement and a distinguished military hero. He inspected the work of the organization at Louisville, watched the drills and exercises and delivered an address to the boys.

The Crothersville company, in charge of Dr. Butt, attended the carnival and the boys were enthusiastic over the trip . Those in the party were: Lawrence Amos, James Amos, Gordon Butler, Dale Butler, Charles Goecker, Norma Benham, Harry Newton, Roy Nicholas, Robert Donahue, Gerald Ritz, Wilson Tilford, Hobert Bridges, Eddie Seifres, Chester Rodenburg, Donald Rider, Floyd Beldon, Nelson Belding, Preston Rider, Jr., Hubert Corman, Gerald Fultz ,Homer Corman, Palmer Butt, Lurel Butt and Leslie Mount.

Huyler's—Where?

We do hope that those "SWEET THINGS FROM HUYLER'S" will arrive soon for we confess that our curiosity and our appetites are both aroused. Probably we will eventually be told where we can get the "SWEET THINGS," when they do arrive. We hope so because the wives and sweethearts of Seymour will give us little peace until we prove our affection with the gift of a box of HUYLER'S.

Public Sale.

I will sell at public auction at my farm four miles northeast of Hope and two miles north of Rugby Wednesday, Feb. 28, 1912, fifty head of horses and mules, most all well broke and ready for immediate use. Free transportation from all trains.

f27d&w W. S. FITZPATRICK.

A farewell reception was given by Rev. and Mrs. E. E. Valentine of the First Baptist church at Bedford last night in the church parlors. Rev. Valentine has accepted a call from the church at Aurora.

Miss Grace Fatout of Whiteland was here Thursday afternoon on her way to North Vernon where she was called by the serious illness of Mrs. Vernon Terrell.

Help a good cause by buying supplies for Sunday dinner at Charity market Saturday. f23

You get the benefit of years of experience when you buy cakes and pies at Loertz's.

Try one of our Inverted Gas Burners, complete 45c. The Bee Hive. f24d

565 is Sparta's phone. For good candies and ice cream call 565.

Gas Mantles and Electric Light Globes. The Bee Hive. f24d

Dressed chickens and cakes at Charity market Saturday. f23

Sheet music 10c. The Bee Hive. f24d

Seymour Business College Phone 403.

Phone 621 for Ice. John J. Cobb.

Everyone reads the Want Ads.

K-O-D-A-K

There is a Special Charm to the Pictures made about your own fireside. Let us show you how simple picture taking is the Kodak way. Kodaks $5.00 up. Brownies $1.00 to $12.00. Come in and see.

Headquarters for Amateur Supplies

Andrews Drug Co.
W. S. Handy, Manager.
THE Rexall STORE
Registered Pharmacists. Phone 633.

LOOK!

PAINT, All Colors, Pint Can - - - - - 10c

VARNISH STAIN, All Colors, Pint Can - - 10c

PEROXIDE, per bottle —Three for 25c— 10c

CURTAIN SCRIM, fine patterns and colors, yd. 10c

COME, or Phone 26.

HOADLEY'S

DREAMLAND

No. 1 "Pants and Pansies" "With a Kodak" (Biograph Comedies)
No. 2 "A Secret Wedding" (Selig Drama)
No. 3 "UNDER THE TROPICAL SUN" "OFF THE COAST OF MAIN" (Edison Scenic Drama)

Matinee Saturday from 2 until 4 p. m.

MAJESTIC

MacDONALD & YALE in Musical Comedy Playet "THE AWAKENING"

A "The Missing Heir"
B "The Red Man's Penalty"
C "Caught in His Own Net"

Prices 5 and 10c. Balcony 5c to all.

Take out that FIRE INSURANCE NOW!

Don't put it off until tomorrow—a fire might occur tonight.

You don't have to pay us a visit to have your property insured—just call No. 316 and we will place your insurance AT ONCE and deilver the policy to your place of business or home.

Only A-1, conservative, strong companies are represented by this agency.

FRED EVERBACK AGENCY CO.
Office over Loertz Drug Store.

Wearers of Educators are Enthusiasts

You can join. Room for five toes, yet narrow enough to look neat. Made up in all leathers for the whole family, by Rice & Hutchins. They own tanneries and eight large factories. They can make and market shoes cheaper by reason of their perfect organization. That's why—That's why.

We have a few pairs of rubber artics left which we are offering at cost.

ROSS-SHOES
The Gold Mine is Opposite Us

ROUND TRIP
EXCURSIONS
Every Saturday and Sunday
Seymour to Louisville $1.25
and Jeffersonville $1.20
VIA
I. & L. Traction Co.

Tickets sold good going on any train on Saturdays and Sundays, and good returning on any train until Monday.

Nickelo

3—GOOD REELS—3

"THE BLIND MINER" (Vitagraph Western Drama)
"THE OFFICE FAVORITE" (Lubin Comedy Drama)
"HER TWO SONS" (Lubin Daama)

THE REPUBLICAN

JAY C. SMITH HARRY J. MARTIN
Editors and Publishers.

Entered at the Seymour, Indiana, Postoffice as Second-class Matter.

DAILY

One Year	$5.00
Six Months	2.50
Three Months	1.25
One Month	.45
One Week	.10

WEEKLY

One Year in Advance	$1.00

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1912.

Republican Convention Call.

Pursuant to the order of the Republican State Committee the republicans of Jackson county are called to meet in mass convention on Saturday, March 23rd, 1912, at the hour and at the place in each township as designated below, for the purpose of electing delegates to the district convention at North Vernon, March 25th, 1912 for the purpose of electing two delegates and two alternates to the national convention: Also nominate one elector to be voted for at November election and one contingent elector. Also convention at Indianapolis, Ind. March 26th, 1912 for the purpose of electing four delegates at large and four alternate delegates at large to the National convention and to nominate two electors at large to be voted for at the November election and to select two contingent electors.

Brownstown township will elect one delegate to district convention and one delegate to Indianapolis. Place of meeting, Brownstown. Time 2 p. m.

Carr township will elect one delegate to district convention and one delegate to Indianapolis. Place of meeting, Medora. Time 2 p. m.

Driftwood township will elect one delegate to district convention and one delegate to Indianapolis. Place of meeting, Vallonia. Time 2 p. m.

Grassyfork township will elect one alternate delegate to district convention and one alternate delegate to Indianapolis. Place of meeting, Tampico. Time 2 p. m.

Hamilton township will elect one delegate to district convention and one delegate to Indianapolis. Place of meeting, Cortland. Time 2 p. m.

Jackson township will elect four delegates and four alternates to district convention and 4 delegates and 4 alternates to Indianapolis convention. Place of meeting, Seymour. Time 7:30 p. m.

Owen township will elect one alternate delegate to district convention and one alternate delegate to Indianapolis convention. Place of meeting, Mooney. Time 2 p. m.

Redding township will elect one alternate delegate to district convention and one alternate delegate to Indianapolis convention. Place of meeting, Walnut Grove. Time 2 p. m.

Salt Creek township will elect one alternate delegate to district convention and one alternate delegate to Indianapolis convention. Place of meeting, Freetown. Time 2 p. m.

Vernon township will elect one delegate to Indianapolis convention and one delegate to district convention. Place of meeting, Crothersville. Time 2 p. m.

Washington township will elect one alternate delegate to Indianapolis convention and one alternate to district convention. Place of meeting, Dudleytown. Time 2 p. m.

Precinct committeemen in the several townships will please look after places to meet and personally urge all republicans to attend their township conventions. Republicans in general throughout the county are urged to attend these meetings and participate in the selection of delegates to the district and state conventions.

GEORGE PETER,
d&wtf County Chairman.

Fourth District Convention.

To all Republicans of the Fourth Congressional District and those who desire to participate with them:

Pursuant to the order of the Republican State Committee, the Republicans of the fourth congressional district will meet in delegate convention at North Vernon, Indiana, on the 25th day of March, 1912, at eleven o'clock a. m. on said day, for the purpose of selecting two delegates and two alternates from the fourth congressional district to the Republican National Convention, to be held in the city of Chicago on June 18, 1912, and for the additional purpose of nominating one elector to be voted for at the November election, 1912, and one contingent elector, who shall be qualified to take the place of said elector in case of his disability to act before said election.

Representation in this convention of the various counties of the State will be upon the basis of one delegate and one alternate delegate for each two hundred votes cast for Otis E. Gulley for Secretary of State at the November election, 1910, and one delegate and one alternate delegate for an additional fraction of one hundred votes or more cast as aforesaid.

JNO. M. LEWIS, Dis. Chair.

Heart to Heart Talks.

By EDWIN A. NYE.

THE PRICE OF HAIR DYE.

It is stated that more men every year, especially in the cities, are using hair dyes—the vain men!

But wait.

Do you know many of these men are dyeing their hair not because they are proud, but because they are trying to retain their jobs? It is a pathetic fact.

Many of the big corporations throughout the country are drawing the line of usefulness of employees at the age of forty-five years or, if not precisely at that age, thereabouts.

Therefore—

Gray haired employees are viewed with more or less suspicion. And when it becomes necessary to retrench on expenses and lay off some one of the force the older men are let out. Young men are coming on and must have their promotion.

And so—

When the first streaks of gray appear in the mustaches of the older men they begin to shave clean and thus for a time save appearances. But when the gray hairs creep into their temples there is no way to hide the evidence of advancing years except by dyeing the hair.

Poor fellows! Some of them are really just in their prime and are as particular about their personal appearance as any woman, though for a different reason.

To be out of a job at forty-five means more than at twenty-five. To lose one's job at twenty-five is a personal incident that may or may not be serious; to lose one's job at forty-five is a tragedy.

Because at twenty-five hope springs eternal. One may adapt himself to a new calling or wait for an opening. At forty-five hopes are not so strong and habits are fixed.

Besides, at forty-five one's expenses are heavy. If one is a family man there are likely to be children who should be educated. And if the children be girls it costs a lot of money to properly dress them.

Can you blame the old man for consulting his druggist concerning hair dye?

The big corporation, so long as the work is properly done, does not care who draws the wages, but if the old man makes a mistake it is attributed to his age. The young fellows may be a little sorry for the old fellow, but they must get on, and somebody must give way.

Who cares? No one, save the old man—and his family.

It is heartless, of course, but—

Well, doesn't the price of hair dye, despite the demand, continue about the same?

SELECTED.

One good swift kick will often accomplish more than a lot of kindness.—Newspaperdom.

Speaking evil of others speaks doubly evil of oneself. You can't climb up by pulling others down.

Truth is beautiful—when it's about your neighbor. When it concerns yourself it's plain or even ugly.

Our doubts are traitors and make us lose the good we oft might win by fearing to attempt.—Shakespeare.

The men in this country who begin by knowing it all generally wind up by asking the way home.—Atlanta Constitution.

There are plenty of fellows who can "Do It Now," if someone will just tell them what to do and how to do it.—The Commercial Union.

Indian Killed on Track.

Near Rochelle, Ill., an Indian went to sleep on a railroad track and was killed by the fast express. He paid for his carelessness with his life. Often it is that way when people neglect coughs and colds. Don't risk your life when prompt use of Dr. King's New Discovery will cure them and so prevent a dangerous throat or lung trouble. "It completely cured me, in a short time, of a terrible cough that followed a severe attack of Grip," writes J. R. Watts, Floydada, Tex., "and I regained 15 pounds in weight that I had lost." Quick, safe, reliable and guaranteed. 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free at The Andrews Drug Co.

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the postoffice at Seymour, Ind., and if not called for within 14 days will be sent to the dead letter office.

LADIES.
Miss Nellie Greene.
MEN.
Mr. Walter Christie.
Mr. Frank McLaughfin.
Mr. J. B. Miller.
February 19, 1912.
EDWARD A. REMY, Postmaster.

A "Want Ad." in the Republican is a "Want Ad." in the Home.

Republican Want Ads. Get Results.

ARE MICROBES IN YOUR SCALP?

It Has Been Proved That Microbes Cause Baldness.

Professor Unna of Hamburg, Germany, and Dr. Sabourand, the leading French dermatologist, discovered that a microbe causes baldness. Their theory has time and again amply verified through research experiments carried on under the observation of eminent scientists. This microbe lodges in the Sebum, which is the natural hair oil, and when permitted to flourish it destroys the hair follicles and in time the pores entirely close, and the scalp gradually takes on a shiny appearance. When this happens there is no hope of the growth of hair being revived.

We have a remedy which will, we honestly believe, remove dandruff, exterminate the microbe, promote good circulation in the scalp and around the hair roots, tighten and revitalize the hair roots, and overcome baldness so long as there is any life left in the hair roots.

We back up this statement with our own personal guarantee that this remedy called Rexall "93" Hair Tonic will be supplied free of all cost to the user if it fails to do as we state.

It will frequently help to restore gray and faded hair to its original color, providing loss of color has been caused by disease; yet it is in no sense a dye. Rexall "93" Hair Tonic accomplishes these results by aiding in making every hair root, follicle, and pigment gland strong and active, and by stimulating a natural flow of coloring pigment throughout the hair cells.

We exact no obligations or promises, we simply ask you to give Rexall "93" Hair Tonic a thorough trial and if not satisfied tell us and we will refund the money you paid us for it. Two sizes, prices 50 cents and $1.00. Remember, you can obtain it in Seymour only at our store The Rexall Store. The Andrews Drug Co.

Decline of Repentance.

Repentance—once so universally practiced at this season of the year, as well as on birthdays, and sometimes on Sundays—is rapidly becoming one of the obsolete virtues. Even novelists seem to have grown tired of the "wabbling" heroine, the lady who plunged into exotic sins one day and betook herself (metaphorically) to a nunnery the next, only to join the army of backsliders with greater zest than ever as soon as her fit of penitence was over. Despite copybook maxims warning the unwary of the futility of indulging in lamentation over spilt milk, repentance has flourished exceedingly, and women especially have hitherto always manifested a strong bias in that direction.

Repentance needs leisure, and that may be why it is gradually going out of fashion. People have no time to look backwards, and, moreover, they are now realizing the futility of doing so. Like Omar Khayyam, they understand that no one can rub out what the moving Finger has written, and that tears are powerless to undo what has once been done.—Exchange.

Flying Men Fall

victims to stomach, liver and kidney troubles just like other people, with like results in loss of appetite, backache, nervousness, headache, and tired, listless run-down feeling. But there's no need to feel like that as T. D. Peebles, Henry, Tenn., proved. "Six bottles of Electric Bitters" he writes, "did more to give me new strength and good appetite than all other stomach remedies I used." So they help everybody. It's folly to suffer when this great remedy will help you from the first dose. Try it. Only 50 cents at The Andrews Drug Co.

Youngster "Stalled" Out of It.

A member of the fire department has a small son named Francis. The son had been throwing snowballs at passing autos and his father, in company with another man, happened on the scene just as the boy had shied one at a passing vehicle.

The father grabbed the youthful offender with a firm resolve to administer what he thought the youngster needed. No sooner did he lay violent hands on Francis, however, than the latter set up awful wails and protestations of reform accompanied by a copious flow of tears. The fireman's heart softened and after making his son promise never to throw any more snowballs he let him go and went into the house.

No sooner was the parental back turned than the son turned to the man with a grin: "Gee, didn't I stall out of that easy!"—Indianapolis News.

Are Ever at War.

There are two things everlastingly at war, joy and piles. But Bucklen's Arnica Salve will banish piles in any form. It soon subdues the itching, irritation, inflammation or swelling. It gives comfort, invites joy. Greatest healer of burns, boils, ulcers, cuts, bruises, eczema, scalds, pimples, skin eruptions. Only 25 cents at The Andrews Drug Co.

If you have Republican Advertrising on your mind, you're right.

W. MORGAN SHUSTER

Back Home After Trying Experiences in Persia.

Copyright by Clinedinst.

New York, Feb. 23.—W. Morgan Shuster, erstwhile treasurer general of Persia, who was the storm center of a controversy between Persia and Russia, and who arrived here yesterday accompanied by his family, departed on the first train for Washington.

SENOR OSPINA LOSES JOB AT WASHINGTON

Has Been Recalled By His Home Government.

Washington, Feb. 23.—Press dispatches from Bogota announcing the recall of Senor Pedro Nel Ospina as the Colombian minister to Washington occasioned no surprise at the state department. While no official statement was made, it was made plain by officials of the department that this action was not suggested in any way by the American government, which has declined to dignify Ospina's recent note to Acting Secretary Wilson with any official action whatever.

At both the state department and the Colombian legation it was stated that no official advices of the minister's recall had been received.

The action of the Colombian government in repudiating its minister to Washington appears to indicate that Colombia will tender a special invitation through the American minister at Bogota for Secretary Knox to visit that country. The general impression is that this invitation will come in a satisfactory way and the visit will be made without any further hitch.

PERILS OF THE SEA

Storm Off Virginia Coast Responsible For Much Damage.

Norfolk, Va., Feb. 23.—With only a few inches of her main deck visible above the water, the Old Dominion line steamer Madison lies in the mud between Bush Bluff light and Lambert's Point. The Madison was rammed by a Norwegian freighter during a fifty-mile gale. The Madison had a hole torn in her starboard side almost amidship. Captain Hulpers, realizing that his ship would sink, turned her nose toward the shore and signalled the engine room for full speed ahead.

On board the Madison at the time of the collision was President H. B. Walker of the Old Dominion Steamship company and several representatives of the company from Newport News. They and the crew of the Madison were taken off by the Smithfield, which was summoned by wireless.

The Danish steamer Hermes was blown ashore by the high winds and is high and dry on the beach at Lambert's Point. The Danish steamer Nordsjeman, the British steamers Elswick Manor and Strathallan and the Norwegian steamer Cecil were torn from their moorings at Lambert's Point and Sewall's Point and driven ashore.

Russian Nationalists Resolve.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 23.—Two thousand people, including several imperial councillors and members of the duma, attended a meeting of the Nationalist party which was called for the purpose of taking action on the renunciation by the United States of the treaty of 1832. A resolution was adopted to the effect that all American Jews, regardless of their social position or occupation, must be excluded from Russia and that the duties on American imports into Russia should be increased.

Chinese Aviator's Bad Fall.

Oakland, Cal., Feb. 23.—Tom Gunn, Chinese aviator, is thought to be fatally injured as the result of an aeroplane accident that occurred in the flying field here. He fell 100 feet, landing 200 feet inside the grounds, on the pumping station. He is believed to be dying at a nearby hospital.

INSANITY ON INCREASE

OUT OF PROPORTION TO THE GROWTH OF POPULATION.

Hospital Figures Show Fewer Sufferers Are Kept at Home These Days Than Was the Case in Former Times.

A special census of the insane confined in institutions in 1910 in continental United States was taken by the bureau of the census, department of commerce and labor, and a preliminary comparative summary for 1904 and 1910 has been issued by Director Durand.

The number of institutions canvassed was 372; the number of insane persons in the institutions on January 1, 1910, was 187,454; the number admitted during 1910 was 60,603; and the number discharged in that year was 53,880. At the last special United States census of the insane the population in insane asylums on January 1, 1904, numbered 150,151, and the number of persons committed to insant asylums during the year was 49,622. Therefore, in the six years, from 1904 to 1910, there was an increase of 37,303, or 24.8 per cent in the number of patients confined in insane asylums; and an increase of 10,981, or 22.1 per cent, in the number annually of 37,303 in the population in insane asylums taking place in six years is an annual increase of 6,200.

While the population of the United States increased about 11 per cent in the interval between 1904 and 1910, the population in insane asylums increased about 25 per cent. The number of insane in asylums per 100,000 population increased from 186.2 in 1904 to 203.8 in 1910. The number of persons annually committed to hospitals for the insane per 100,000 population increased from 61.5 in 1904 to 65.9 in 1910. If these ratios are accepted as representing insanity rates, it would appear that the number of persons becoming insane, in a community comprising 100,000 persons, was greater by 4.4 in 1910 than it was in 1904.

It must be remembered, however, that these figures include only the insane who are committed to hospitals. As to the number of cases of insanity not resulting in commitments to hospitals, the census has no data. It is entirely possible that the increase in the number of commitments per 100,000 population is not due to any considerable degree to an increased prevalence of insanity, but simply to the extension of this method of caring for the insane.

The state which, in proportion to its population, has the largest number of insane reported in institutions on January 1, 1910, was Massachusetts, with 344.6 per 100,000 population. New York, however, had almost the same proportion, namely, 343.1 per 100,000 population.

The state which ranks next to New York and Massachusetts in the number of insane in hospitals in proportion to population is Connecticut, where the ratio is 321.1 per 100,000 population.

In general, the number of insane in hospitals in proportion to the population is much smaller in the west than in the east. The ratios are also smaller in the south than in the north.

Drop the Fraternities.

The new Superintendent of Schools of Washington, Dr. William M Davidson, has commenced a probe into the fraternal organizations of the District of Columbia, and it is to be hoped that his probe will reach down into the heart of the affair and get results. There was a good deal of scandal talked in connection with high school fraternities last year, and, in fact, all of the social organizations of the schools came in for a scoring. Dr. Davidson says:

"I would say that the stricter government of high school societies by school officials will result in the betterment of the organizations. Secret societies are capable of great good or great bad, according to the boys who are allowed to enter them. It will probably be recommended that secret societies be allowed to continue in high schools under the advisory supervision of teachers."

Couldn't Be Too Careful.

The popular author entered the publisher's sanctum seething with indignation.

"What's this I hear—you want some alterations in my manuscript?" he demanded. "I've made some libelous statements, have I? Where?"

"You have," said the publisher, calmly. "Here, on page 39, you say your heroine, who lives in Mudchester, clutched the air convulsively.'"

"Well, what's wrong with that?" demanded the irate writer.

"And, then," went on the man who objected, "on page 40, only two minutes later, you say the heroine went and washed her hands. It's a libel on the Mudchester air, sir."

No Sportsman.

"Do you think there will be any more arctic exploration?"

"I don't see why a man should go so far for the experience. He can get just as cold and hungry and disappointed by going duck hunting."

THIS KIDNEY REMEDY GIVES IMMEDIATE RELIEF.

In 1907 and 1908, I was taken very sick with kidney trouble and being afraid of Bright's Disease, went to a prominent physician at Libertyville, Iowa. After doctoring for some time without cure or benefit, I began the use of Swamp-Root and found immediate relief, which urged me to continue the use of the medicine.

After taking several bottles which I bought at Jericho's Drug Store, in Fairfield, I became a well man and can honestly say that I have never had any signs of Bright's Disease or a return of any kidney trouble.

Yours very truly,
MACE CLINKINBEARD,
Fairfield, Iowa.

State of Iowa, Jefferson County, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me by the said Mace Clinkinbeard, and the signature acknowledged by him to be genuine, this 12th day of July, 1909.

CHARLES S. CRAIL,
Notary Public.

Letter to
Dr. Kilmer & Co.,
Binghamton, N. Y.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You.

Send to Dr. Kilmer & Co, Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling all about the kidneys and bladder. When writing be sure and mention the Seymour Daily Republican. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.

OSLER RIGHT; YOUTH SUCCEEDS AGE

Gray Hair Is First Sign of Age. Harmless Remedy Restores to Natural Color.

Osler isn't the only man who turns down old age. In the business world the "young man" is always the one who picks the plums. It is an age of "new thought," "new talent," etc., and the old man is passed by in the race.

One of the first signs of coming age is the appearance of gray hairs. When you see them, act promptly. Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy will correct this sign, which so often deceives people into thinking that age is really upon them. It is a well-known fact that Sage and Sulphur will darken the hair. Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur combines these old-time remedies with other agents, which remove dandruff and promote the growth of the hair.

The manufacturers of this remedy authorize the druggists to sell it under guarantee that the money will be refunded if it fails to do exactly as represented.

Don't look old before your time. Get a bottle of Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur to-day, and see what an improvement it will make in the appearance of your hair.

This preparation is offered to the public at fifty cents a bottle, and is recommended and sold by all druggists.

Special Agents, Andrews Drug Co.

EASY AND SURE WAY TO CURE COLDS

Don't Neglect a Cold, Stop it in the Sneezing Stage. Use Ely's Cream Balm.

A cold generally attacks the weakest part, affecting the eyes and ears in some and producing nasal catarrh and throat troubles in others. A cold is due to an inflammation of the membrane lining the air passages, and may be promptly cured with a little Ely's Cream Balm, which immediately relieves the inflammation and all the distressing symptoms, such as sneezing, coughing, running at the nose and eyes, hoarseness, sore throat, fever and headache. One reason why this pure, antiseptic Balm acts so quickly is because it is applied directly to the tender, sore surfaces.

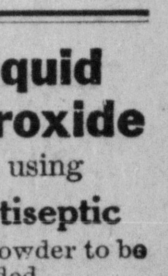
Even in severe, chronic cases of catarrh, Ely's Cream Balm never fails to quickly and effectually check the poisonous discharge which clogs the head and throat, causing the disgusting hawking, spitting and blowing of the nose. This remedy not only drives out the rottenness, but heals and strengthens the weakened and diseased membranes, thus ending catarrh for all time.

Catarrh is a filthy, disgusting disease. Don't put up with it another day. Get a 50 cent bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist to-day.

Instead of Liquid Antiseptics or Peroxide

many people are now using

Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic



The new toilet germicide powder to be dissolved in water as needed.
For all toilet and hygienic uses it is better and more economical.
To cleanse and whiten the teeth, remove tartar and prevent decay.
To disinfect the mouth, destroy disease germs, and purify the breath.
To keep artificial teeth and bridgework clean, odorless
To remove nicotine from the teeth and purify the breath after smoking.
To eradicate perspiration and body odors by sponge bathing.
The best antiseptic wash known.
Relieves and strengthens tired, weak, inflamed eyes. Heals sore throat, wounds and cuts. 25 and 50 cts. a box, druggists or by mail postpaid. **Sample Free.**
THE PAXTON TOILET CO., BOSTON, MASS.

Everyone reads the Want Ads.

COLONEL WOULD NOT DISCUSS IT

"Nothing to Say" to Hat-in-the-Ring Story.

MUST WAIT UNTIL MONDAY

It Is Said That in Long Promised Answer to Request of Governors' Conference, Roosevelt Will Announce on Monday His Position Regarding the Nomination, but Observers Declare His Answer Will Be Non-Committal.

New York, Feb. 23.—When he expounded his brand of political progress to the constitutional convention at Columbus, Colonel Roosevelt had a "bully" reception and a first-class time. So much he said when he got back to town. He added that he had preached "a mighty good doctrine," but beyond that he would not go, and questions concerning the report that he had said "My hat is in the ring," meaning that he was ready to do battle with all challengers for the presidential nomination, were very apparently resented.

The colonel having announced himself a radical of the radicals and laid the doubts that had been expressed by some of the almost persuaded that he was not a real progressive, interest centered in the question as to whether he made a personal announcement that he was seeking the presidential nomination on the platform he had set forth, and if so, when. In this connection Colonel Roosevelt was asked by his interviewers about a dispatch from Cleveland, where he made a short speech on the return trip from Columbus, saying that when pressed by a local Republican leader to give a "direct answer" to the candidacy question, the colonel had replied:

"My hat is in the ring. You will have my answer on Monday."

But that was one of the matters which the colonel refused to discuss. "I told you I have absolutely nothing to say," was his invariable reply, accompanied by a real Rooseveltian snap of the jaws.

The Important Question.

It was learned on good authority, however, that the "hat-in-the-ring" figure of speech had been accurately reported and the colonel's unwillingness to assume its parentage seemed to give weight to the prediction that his answer to the demand of the so-called governor's conference held recently at Chicago, that the colonel declare himself in or out of the nomination hunt, will not contain a definite announcement that Mr. Roosevelt is or is not a candidate. The governors will receive their answer, it is said, on Monday. Politicians who have been in close touch with Colonel Roosevelt, and some of whom have "without authority" stated the colonel's position for him, have said that the answer will be the same one that they have made for Roosevelt, but which so far he has not made over his own signature, that is that he "is not a candidate and will not be a candidate, but that if the people insist upon nominating him he will accept."

Unless all political signs fail Roosevelt headquarters will be opened in the Metropolitan building next week. It has not yet been announced who will have charge of the headquarters, but it is understood that National Committeeman William L. Ward will be one of the active workers.

READY FOR ACTION

Roosevelt Reported to Have Said "I Am Stripped to the Buff."

Washington, Feb. 23.—Colonel Roosevelt's remark in Cleveland, "My hat is in the ring," was supplemented here by another characteristic statement attributed to the colonel. One of the Washington statesmen who recently journeyed to the Outlook office has told his friends that the colonel greeted him with this statement, emphatically banging the desk.

"Well, the fight is on; I am stripped to the buff." Although there is no longer any doubt that the colonel has entered the fight, it is a significant fact that Mr. Roosevelt's friends and supporters in Washington are slow to indorse the radical speech delivered by him at Columbus.

A Strange Street Accident.

Columbus, Ind., Feb. 23.—While standing in front of a store here, Walter Ueberroth was accidentally shot in the abdomen in a most peculiar manner. A cartridge was lying in the street when a heavily loaded wagon passed over it. The shell exploded and the bullet struck Ueberroth. He was only slightly wounded.

Lived to Be 124.

Columbia, Ky., Feb. 23.—The body of Johnny Morg, aged 124, said to be the oldest man in the United States, was found in his little log cabin on Indian creek, Clinton county, Thursday. He was born in Germany and had old papers which showed that he enlisted in the war of 1812 when he was twenty-four years old.

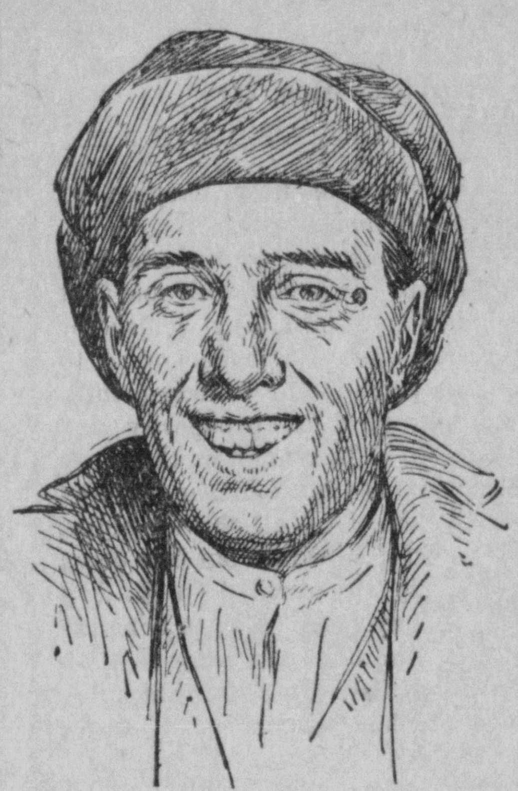
He Was Despondent.

Rushville, Ind., Feb. 23.—Charles Shields, a retired farmer of Mays, a small town ten miles north of here, committed suicide. Despondency is said to be the cause of the act.

STEEPLEJACK CLIMBS HIGH

Goes to the Top of Tall Flagstaff in Zero Weather and Straightens Rod Supporting Ball.

Chicago.—Edmond Von Kaenel, steeplejack, the other afternoon climbed the flagstaff on the city hall with the aid of a double-looped five-eighths inch rope, straightened the rod which supports the twenty-two inch ball and descended, sixty-five feet to the roof, in safety. "It's ten degrees colder on top of that flagstaff than down here," said Von Kaenel as he coiled up his ropes. That meant that the temperature on the city hall top was four degrees below zero. The halyards of the flag pole had become bent so that the brass ball on top leaned far to one side. Von Kaenel has been married two years. His wife is with him. He says that she has become used to his risking his life and does not mind his tasks any longer. It is impossible for the steeplejack to get insurance, but he was insured in one company in his boyhood, and the policy holds good. If all the buildings and flagstaffs he has climbed were to be put together they would reach seventy miles in the air. Von Kaenel ran away to sea at fifteen and has been climbing masts and poles ever since. "I can go all over the Singer building in New York with a trunkful of ropes, 2,800 feet," he declared, "and never employ a scaffold." The only fall that Von Kaenel has ever had was last summer, when, overheated, he fell from the roof of the Euclid Avenue Baptist church in Cleveland, John D. Rockefeller's church.



Edmond Von Kaenel.

PRINCESS MAY MARRY SOON

Emperor's Daughter Reported Engaged to Grand Duke Albert Frederick of Mecklenberg-Strelitz.

Berlin.—The betrothal of Princess Victoria Luise, only daughter of Emperor William, to Grand Duke Adolph Frederick of Mecklenburg-Strelitz will soon be announced, according to a report published here. The marshal of the imperial court denied a similar report published last June.

The kaiser has always said his daughter should marry the man of her choice.

The grand duke is one of the best known of the younger German explorers. He distinguished himself in 1908 by helping rescue several of a party he had led to the crater of Branca in German East Africa. All were showered with lava, and some became unconscious.

PRINCESS VICTORIA

Plans "Bean Pole" Building.

New York.—Samuel Green has filed plans for the erection of "the Bean Pole" building, which is to cost $150,000. It will be eighteen stories high, on a tiny lot, which gave rise to its name. The Wendels, who keep a $2,000,000 lot near Fifth avenue and Third street for a playground for a pet dog, filed plans for a $12,000 brick spite fence to be built alongside a property which is only worth $12,000, according to the tax payers.

WHERE THE BIRDS ARE SAFE

Government Maintains Reservation Where Hunters Are Not Allowed to Kill Feathered Citizens.

The first bird reservation was set aside by President Roosevelt in 1903, and three years later, six additional bird reservations having been created meantime, congress passed an act providing heavy penalties for disturbing birds on their reservations. Wardens were appointed to catch poachers and now the reservations extend from the Florida keys to Alaska.

One of the most interesting of the bird reservations is the first created —Pelican island, Florida. The island is the home of a large colony of brown pelicans, once the prey of egg hunters, now so augmented in size under government protection that there has been a great overflow of pelicans to the small island to the eastward, and the original reservation has been enlarged.

The bird reservations are under executive control of the general land office of the interior department, but the biological survey experts watch and study the birds on the reservations. Each year the survey reports the condition of the protected birds and records the disasters that sometimes come upon them.

The report of the survey for 1911, just issued, tells the story of a big adventure which befell the pelicans of Pelican island reserve in October, 1910. The island was entirely submerged during a three-day hurricane. Thousands of eggs were destroyed and fledgling pelicans drowned. The birds able to fly sought an adjacent island, too high to be submerged. When the sea quieted they all returned to Pelican island and by December 15 the warden estimated there were 5,000 nests with eggs or young.

The gulls, terns, herons and pelicans on the far outlying Tortugas Keys reservation had a more disastrous experience. Some years ago an old Norwegian schooner was driven ashore on the Tortugas during a hurricane. The rats aboard the ship escaped to the island. At first there were few of them. The rodents lived on crabs caught at low tide. But without enemies to kill them off, the colony of rats multiplied under the tropical sky, and soon the island was swarming with them. The crab supply was not sufficient for the rats, and they began eating birds' eggs. Later, becoming hungrier and bolder they attacked even young birds.

At this point the wardens discovered that the existence of the bird colony was being threatened by the rats. The government took notice and sent an expedition against the rats, most of which were destroyed. Now the bird colony is thriving again, and the warden is keeping close watch against a further plague of rats.

TO RIGHT BUILDING MISTAKES

Washington Smart Set Find That Their Homes Are Not Suited for Outdoor Entertainment.

The aim of smart society at Washington is to make of the nation's capital a spring resort for the ultra-fashionable set. It seems that the change is only retarded by the mistakes of those wealthy citizens who, in making homes there in the past decade, built too much house and allowed too little ground for garden purposes. Henceforth the two will be combined with architectural and landscape precision.

Washington until three or four years ago was not considered a fit place to live in beyond the second week after Easter. Strangely enough several residents confessed their mistake, admitting that they had not remained behind after that time, but had merely accepted the popular tradition of society on that score. As a result, considering Washington essentially a winter resort, homes were constructed accordingly, and the plans were built for inside space in winter and none whatever outside for warm weather.

Owing, therefore, to these errors of the past, Washington residents are retarded in their aims and desires to transform Washington into a spring resort, to which the city itself lends "atmosphere" with its wide streets and verdure. The bulk of the smart set is compelled to turn to the nearby country clubs or to rely on those owning gardens, but particularly to the White House. Mrs. Taft's disposition to give garden parties and lawn fetes has been instrumental in the tendency to keep at Washington over the spring time those who would otherwise shift to other cities.

Land of Men With Tails.

Judge J. H. P. Murray, the British lieutenant governor of Papua, says that he has never heard the natives speak of pigmies—a race of whom is reported to have been discovered there—but stories of men with tails were common among them. Judge Murray once chatted with a Papuan who alleged that he had actually been in a village inhabited by men with tails. Their houses had holes in the ground for the reception of their tails when they sat down. These stories, says Judge Murray, are rather curious, in view of the fact that there are no monkeys in the great equatorial island.

Definition.

"What is your idea of a trust?"

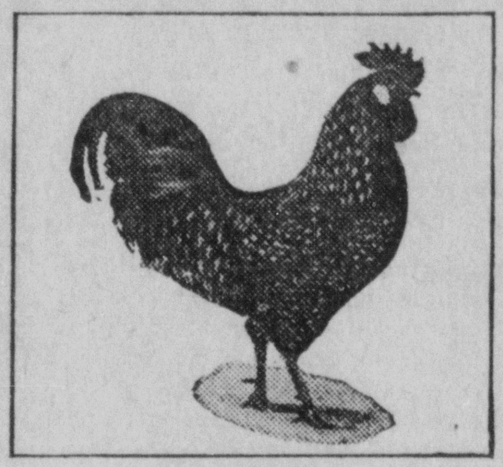
"A trust," replied Mr. Dustin Stax, "is a secret society whose object is to make money and whose initiation fee is so large that very few people can afford to join it."

NOTED BREED OF CHICKENS

Fowl Imported From Europe Few Years Ago, Has Gained Much Prestige Among American Fanciers.

After studying all the good breeds I finally decided on the Anconas as coming nearer to Sheppard's standard of perfection than any other.

This noted breed of chickens, imported from Europe but a few years ago, has gained great prestige among fanciers in America, and yet more has it found a place in the estimation of those who look upon the utilitarian side alone of this beautiful, active and ever alert bird, says a writer in an exchange. Its attractcive color, beautiful form and graceful carriage at once give it a place among the prime favorites of the coop, in the competitive show, as well as on the table of the preacher, and the crates of the egg producer.

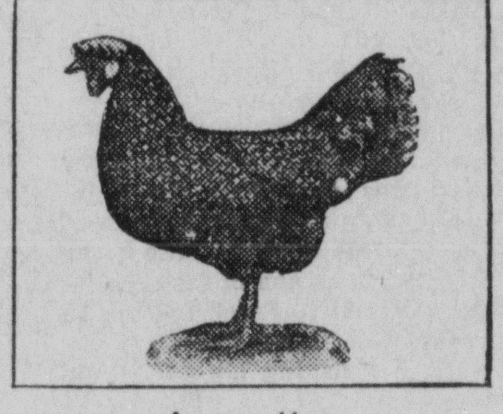


Ancona Cockerel.

I have known pullets to lay an average amount of 259 eggs each per year for the entire flock, and this in the cold climate of the northern states.

They are active and hardy and without doubt flourish best in close confinement of any known breed. Their eggs hatch the largest per cent. of all breeds, because of their superior hardiness. The chicks run forth from incubator or brooding hens as alert as matured songbirds.

Young cockerels often crow at the early age of six weeks. Pullets will frequently lay when 4½ months old when properly cared for. It is my firm belief that on account of their phenomenal growth they will produce more meat by the end of ten weeks after hatching than any other breed of this class, and even some of the larger breeds.



Ancona Hen.

WINTER CARE OF THE DUCKS

Feed Any Green Stuff That Happens to Be Handy—Not Much of Any One Plant Given at Time.

During winter I feed my ducks any green stuff that I happen to have handy. Turnip, parsnip and carrot tops, cabbage leaves, beet leaves, onion tops, purslane, pigweed, tender crab grass, lettuce, radish, mustard, cut fine, all make good bulky feed. These are dried in the shade during the summer and stored like hay. When I want to feed them a quantity is boiled for 12 hours and mixed with finely cut roots, such as potato, turnip, parsnip, carrot, onion and beets. Apples are also used, says a writer in the Orange Judd Farmer. These are all cooked. Not much of one kind of plant is given at a time. Four measures of any one with four of corn chop, to each of wheat bran, red wheat shorts and boiled fresh meat are fed as a mash—all the ducks will eat up clean in few minutes. If any of the mash is left, it is at once removed to avoid its getting sour. This feed is given twice daily during the winter and three times in spring. It has always proved satisfactory.

GREEN FEEDS YEAR AROUND

Nothing Better Than Well Cured Clover Rowen or Second Growth Clover Hay—Bran Is Substitute.

(By J. F. SCHUREMAN, U. S. Department of Agriculture.)

There is nothing better than well cured clover rowen or second growth clover hay. This should be cut up fine and steamed. Clover is not only highly nitrogenous, but rich in lime, a substance required by the hens for providing shells for the eggs. Aside from alfalfa there is no other food that can take the place of clover. By allowing a ration of scalded clover to hens they will keep in better laying condition and the production of eggs will be increased. Where clover hay cannot be secured, bran is a very good substitute, though not so rich in mineral matter.

Vegetable food should be supplied the year around, such as cabbage, potatoes, beets and turnips.

FEAR AN EPIDEMIC

Rare Germ Causes Excitement in Berlin—67 Dead.

Botulinus Bacillus Said to Have Been Discovered in Food Eaten by Some of Victims—Kaiser Calls for Reports.

Berlin.—Announcement today of a dozen more deaths and thirty new cases of prostration have intensified the public alarm over the mysterious malady that first made its appearance three days ago at the Central Municipal Shelter.

The deaths now total sixty-seven and the prostrations 142.

Despite official denials that there is any suspicion of the presence of cholera in the city, Berlin is giving more and more credence to the most sinister rumors. These rumors are chiefly due to the fact that many cases of illness and death have occurred at widely separated places in and near the city where there could have been scarcely a possibility of the malady having been due to eating spoiled herring gathered by habitues of the Central Municipal Shelter.

The latest explanation of the authorities, put forth from the Berlin Magistracy, is that the strange disease is due to a microbe known to science as the "botulinus bacillus." This particular type of bacillus is said to cause a deadly sickness similar to that produced by "allanto-toxicum"—the acid developed in spoiled liver sausages. There has been no positive identification of this bacillus in allanto-toxicum. It is a case of similarity of effect.

It is announced that investigations at the Bacteriological Institute seem to determine the present malady as due to the botulinus bacilous in food eaten by those who have been stricken.

If that be so, the mystery is how so many persons in such widely separated districts could have chanced to eat food infected with the comparatively rare microbe.

The German emperor has asked the minister of the interior to send him a full report on the outbreak. The Emperor and Chancellor Hollweg have sent messages to the Burgomaster of Berlin expressing sympathy for the victims.

The fact that thirty deaths occurred the first day of the outbreak, after which the spread of the disease lessened, is conclusive evidence to Prof. Gaffky that there is present in the community no infectious disease, such as cholera, moreover, all the symptoms themselves, he adds, point to a parasitic disease.

The professor says this type of ailment is luckily infrequent. The most recent researches, he says, lead to the conclusion that the botulinus bacillus is not restricted to meat or to food prepared from meat, but may occur in vegetables. To this bacillus is attributed the outbreak at the cooking school at Darmstadt in 1894, when twenty persons were attacked after eating salad, and eleven died.

Prof. Lenz and his staff at the Royal institute have begun an examination of the various food scraps, including smoked herring, gathered by the inmates of the Central Municipal Shelter and its branches.

MONEY MADE IN FOX FARMING

Most Profitable of All, Says Agricultural Official—Skins Are Worth $10,000.

Washington.—Fox farming is probably the most profitable agricultural industry in the world. This was what J. Walter Jones of the department of agriculture told the American Breeders' association here. At the suggestion of Secretary of Agriculture Wilson Mr. Jones made an investigation of the fox farms of Canada, where a practical monopoly of the business now is enjoyed, with the idea of trying to interest some Americans in the work.

Natural black fox sets sell at from $2,00 to $10,000 a set, Mr. Jones said. Next year's expected crop of pups already has been sold for $6,000 a pair.

"The increasing scarcity of costly furs," he declared, "and the greatly increased demand make the significance of breeding in captivity the more important. It is probable that within a year or two the breeders will be rearing mink, marten, otters, and beavers. Skill such as only a trapper or a close student of nature can achieve is necessary in the successful breeding of the shy and nervous reynard.

"The so-called black fox is the skin of the timber wolf of Kamchatka, the half-wild dog of Manchuria, or cheap American fox dyed black. Only a few dozen genuine black foxes have been caught yearly, and most of them have gone to the nobility of Europe, principally those of Russia and Austria."

Driver Is 80, Horse 40.

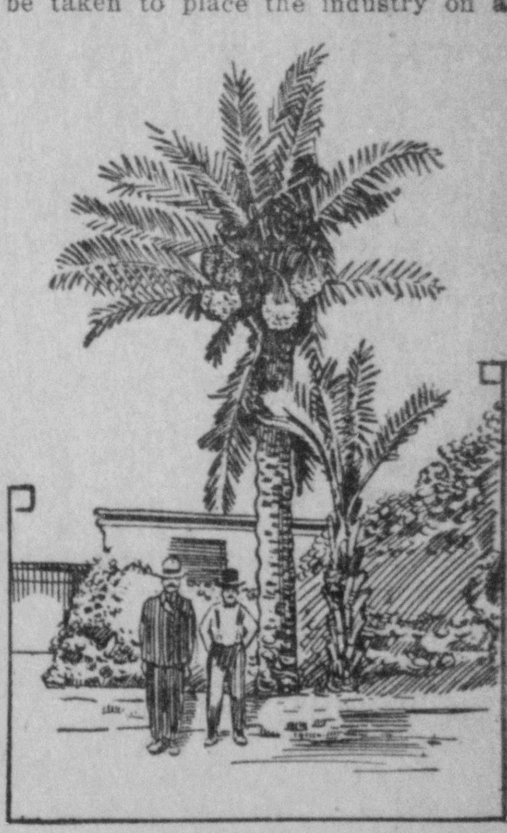
Weston, Ore.—Amasa Phillips, 80 years old, is driving a horse just one-half his age, and both appear to be good for several years yet of work. Mr. Phillips is the owner of valuable Weston land and town property, and labor with him is not a necessity, yet he is not contented unless industrious from morning until night. He is now hauling gravel for a concrete building he is erecting. The horse has lost some teeth and its forage must be ground, but it is in good condition otherwise and tugs strongly in the harness.

DATE GROWING IN TEXAS

Federal Government Aiding Development of Fruit in Southern Part of Lone Star State.

Fort Brown, Tex.—The federal government is lending valuable assistance to the development of the date growing industry in South Texas. In the government plant testing gardens at Fort Brown are a number of varieties of date palms which are said to be doing as well as in the countries where these fruit bearing trees are native.

There are already many producing date palms in the lower border region of Texas, but it was not until the last few years that steps began to be taken to place the industry on a commercial basis. As a result of the success that has been attained at the Fort Brown reservation in growing the palms many people of this section have planted large groves of the trees and some of them have already come into bearing. A co-operative date farm, conducted by the United States department of agriculture, was also established near Laredo, Tex., a few years ago. Four acres of the palms have been planted and a large part of them are in bearing. The yield of some of the trees is enormous, often amounting to as much as 500 pounds of the delicious fruit.



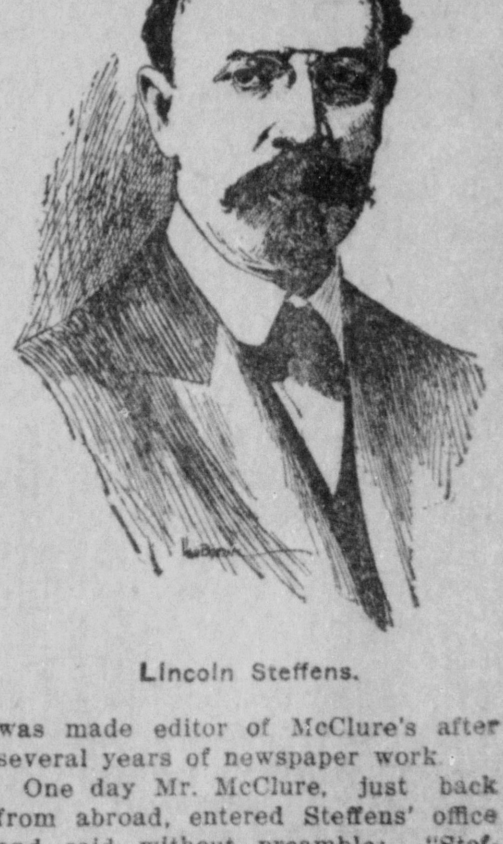
Texas Date Tree.

One of the requirements of successful date growing is an abundance of water and plenty of sunshine. There must also be a minimum of cold weather. Rich soil is, of course, necessary. All of these elements are found in the region. Some of the seeding date palms on the ranches and farms of this section have been producing abundant crops of fruit for many years, but it was not until the government took hold of the matter and began to demonstrate the possibilities of the industry from a commercial standpoint that it was taken hold of on a scale commensurate with the profitable returns that it promises to bring the growers.

MAN WHO SUGGESTED PEACE

Was Long Time Finding Out What He Was Good For, But Finally Landed High.

New York.—It took Lincoln Steffens a long time to find out what he was good for. He spent his youth in California hunting and having a good time generally. He was graduated from the University of California and then he went to Europe, where he studied in the Universities of Heidelberg, Leipzig, Berlin and the Sorbonne. He topped that study off by marrying a fellow tstudent at Sorbonne and going to London, where he spent much time in research work in the British museum. Then he considered himself ready to enter the field of letters. He was made editor of McClure's after several years of newspaper work.



Lincoln Steffens.

One day Mr. McClure, just back from abroad, entered Steffens' office and said without preamble: "Steffens, you're getting out a rotten magazine. You don't know anything about the country. Don't you realize you are living in the United States? Go out and see something."

Steffens did. He had imagination and enthusiasm and had at last become limbered up mentally after his long years of academic study. He had energy and an unlimited supply of questions. The result of that trip was "The Shame of the Cities," a series of exposures of municipal graft that made him famous.

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FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1912.

Changing Views Illustrated.

The changing views of the medical faculty as the result of scientific investigation are well illustrated by the history of the use of lithia in medicine. A good many years ago a prominent physician in England made a series of careful experiments on selected young men in perfect health, and demonstrated by the use of lithia the elimination of uric acid was greatly promoted. The experiments seemed conclusive, and at once the physicians of Great Britain began prescribing lithia for gout and rheumatism, and as soon as the publication of the experiments got into the medical journals of France and Germany the use of this substance became practically universal. But Dr. Emil Pfeiffer, a prominent physician at Wiesbaden, discovered, to his surprise that the expected results did not materialize when he gave lithia to the many patients who had come to that city for the waters and for eratment. Not understanding why this was the case, he repeated the English experiments, but, instead of taking carefully selected patients in perfect health, he chose a number from among his patients who were suffering from the uric acid diseases. To his surprise, he discovered that the results obtained in England were absolutely reversed at Wiesbaden; that lithia actually retarded the elimination of uric acid in gouty patients, and that its use to this extent was harmful rather than beneficial. After controlling his results in the careful German way, he published his conclusions. At once the medical faculty of Germany began to give up the prescription of lithia. The doctors of France followed, and after the translation of Dr. Pfeiffer's paper into English the moer progressive and younger doctors of America gave it up, until its use in medicine has practically ceased. As a consequence the wholesale price of lithium carbonate has fallen within the last few years from about two dollars to about sixty-five cents an ounce, and were it not for some new uses for this element which have been recently discovered it would probably disappear from the drug-stores and sooner or later from the pharmacopoeia.—The Outlook.

FLATDWELLER IN SUBURBS

He Found That He Had Forgotten How to Skate—And Something Else Too.

"I wouldn't have thought," said a former flat dweller, "that one could ever forget how to skate, but I have discovered that he can.

"Last spring, after twenty years in a city flat, we moved to a house in the suburb near which there is a pond that gives good skating in winter. When I was a boy I used to be good on skates and the other day I went out to this pond. I hadn't skated for more than twenty years, but I had no idea but that I could put on a pair of skates and just glide right off with the rest of them. Do you know what actually happened?

"I got a pair of skates and stood up on them, but that was about all. I could stand up, but not much more, and surely I was surprised. I made a few efforts and I did get a little distance, but only by great effort, and my feet were apt to spread out and my ankles to turn and I was all the time in danger of falling down. So I was very glad to get those skates off and to acknowledge that I had forgotten how to skate. But that was nothing to another thing I had forgotten, namely, the use of the snow shovel.

"There was a time when I could shovel snow with the best of them; but during those twenty years up in the flat I had never touched a shovel; the janitor attended to all that. But here in our own suburban home when snow fell the shovelling was up to me; the walk from the front door to the sidewalk, the stretch of sidewalk itself, and the walk around to the kitchen door.

"And when I tackled this job for the first time, well, I was surprised, indeed, to find how much I'd forgotten about snow shovelling.

"But there was nobody but me to do it, and it had to be done. I may never again learn to skate, but I've had to learn anew how to shovel snow."

Business Getters, "Republican Want Ads."

Dr. E. D. WRIGHT
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PHONES: Office 184
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Sweet Things from Huyler's Shipped Today!

POLICE SEEKING THE PROFESSOR

"Charm Specialist" Makes Killing at Muncie.

HE FOUND NUMEROUS VICTIMS

The Particular Speciality of Professor Rex, "Hindu Mediator," Was the Old, Old Game of Holding the Gold of the Inquisitive While Mythical Wealth Was Coming Their Way, and He Held on to It, All Right.

Muncie, Ind., Feb. 23.—"Professor A. O. Rex," "Hindu Mediator," "charm specialist," who, it is said, got large sums of money from his patrons before he departed, Feb. 10, is sought by the police. Each victim was told the "charmer" had occult knowledge that the client was to receive a large sum of money, but in order to make the charm work perfectly the victim must pay into the "professor's" hands, for temporary keeping only, a sum in gold which would be returned on the arrival of the inheritance.

The greater the sum of gold left in the "professor's" possession, the greater the reward. The victims, who have admitted to the police that they lost money, not including an unknown, who is said to have given up $200, were: Benjamin Holloway, Albany, $140; unknown woman, resident of Selma, $25; W. T. Hutchings, Muncie, $20; Charles Swihart, Muncie, $15; Wilmer Jones, Yorktown, $20; William Kidd, Yorktown, $10. Police think these are only a few of the man's victims.

DEATH SENTENCE

Will Be Demanded by the State in the Case of Young Freel.

Newcastle, Ind., Feb. 23.—The trial of Jesse Freel, charged with the murder of his wife, Clara Vanzant Freel, Friday, Oct. 13, is on in the circuit court here. The state will insist on the death penalty.

Ralph Hunter, of Cloverdale, who was with Mrs. Freel when she was murdered, was shot four times by Freel and is here to testify, practically helpless from the effects of the bullet wounds. Freel is a son of former City Engineer William S. Freel, and seems little concerned. In jail he has whiled away the time playing his guitar and singing songs.

WENT TO WORK

Tramp Comes to Conclusion That Toil Is Better Than Chains.

Lafayette, Ind., Feb. 23.—James O'Connell, the tramp who has been chained to a post on the public square for several days because he refused to work with the city chain gang, gave up his fight and went to work. The O'Connell incident created considerable controversy among officials, with court action threatened. O'Connell said he was sick and could not work. A city physician finally examined him and found him physically sound, and O'Connell took his shovel and went out with the rest of the prisoners.

The "Lid" on at Terre Haute.

Terre Haute, Ind., Feb. 23.—The board of safety has ordered the gambling lid on in Terre Haute. Superintendent of Police Fasig has asked the prosecuting attorney for advice in regard to stopping all games for checks good for merchandise, such as are issued in back rooms of cigar stores and saloons. Superintendent Fasig says the order to close saloons on Sunday is to be permanent.

Pleaded For Suspension.

Muncie, Ind., Feb. 23.—Charles Williams, in the circuit court, admitted that at the muzzle of a revolver he robbed James Heffner. The court refused to grant his plea for a suspended sentence. Williams said he was intoxicated at the time, and that his wife and two children would be left destitute should he be sent to prison.

Robbed and Thrown Into Canal.

Hammond, Ind., Feb. 23.—The dead body of T. J. O'Hara, foreman at the Mead mills, Indiana Harbor, who disappeared Christmas eve, has been found in the Indiana Harbor canal near the Inland docks. His pockets had been rifled of everything except a letter which led to his identity.

Caught Between Cars.

Hammond, Ind., Feb. 23.—Albert Sweet, aged seventeen, while stealing a ride from Chicago to Lafayette on a Monon train, was crushed between the mail and baggage coaches while attempting to get off the train near this city. He will live, but will never be able to walk again.

Couldn't Endure Ill Health.

Greensburg, Ind., Feb. 23.—Charles R. Porter, aged forty-eight, committed suicide at his home in this city by shooting. He was prominent in business circles in this city for years

Sunday School Lesson

FEBRUARY 25, 1912.

BAPTISM AND TEMPTION OF JESUS. Mark 1:9-13; Matt. 4:1-11

GOLDEN TEXT.—For in that he himself hath suffered being tempted, he is able to succour them that are tempted.—Heb. 2:18.

Mark 1:9-11. Baptism of Jesus. The account of the baptism is brief. Each of the Gospels records it, and each has certain minor details not found in the others, but all tell the same essential facts. In Mark the facts are given in the following order: (1) The time of the baptism was in "those days" when John was announcing the coming Messiah, apparently in the year A. D. 26 (see Luke 3:1.) Luke elsewhere tells us (3:23) that Jesus "was about thirty years of age" when he began to teach. This would harmonize with the idea that Jesus was born about 4 B. C. (2) The place of the baptism was in the river Jordan. Jesus had spent the years of his boyhood and young manhood at Nazareth in Galilee. He had heard of the great teacher in Judea and of the religious revival that resulted from the prophet's ministry. Jesus joined the multitude of those who went to hear and to take part in the great reformation. (3) The religious experience of Jesus is here vividly portrayed. As he was coming up out of the water he saw the heavens being torn open and the Spirit of God coming down upon him. He became conscious of new spiritual powers, such as were needed for his public ministry, and the character of his mission in the world was more clearly revealed to him. (4) He also heard a voice that bore testimony to his peculiar relation to God and to the Father's approval of his course. He was God's favored Son.

Matt. 4:1-4. Temptation of Hunger. Jesus was led by the Spirit when he went into the wilderness. It was natural, after having taken such a vow of consecration to his Messianic work as his baptism implied, and after having received in himself the divine witness and the consciousness of the possession of supernatural powers, that he should have sought a quiet place for reflection. It was therefore the impulse of his divine spirit that drove him into some other portion of the wilderness—apart from John and all the world. But temptation follows us in this world wherever we go, and is followed Jesus. First the tempter laid stress upon the fact that the heavenly voice heard at the baptism had proclaimed Jesus in some sense the "Son of God." Such a proclamation needed confirmation, and the opportunity had arrived to prove whether or not it was true. Jesus had been fasting. Surely God's Son needs not to suffer privation. Let him use his great gifts to satisfy his own needs. Must the Messiah suffer? Can he who has such a career of suffering marked out for him really be the Christ? But God's will, as expressed in his word, is bread enough for his Son.

Ver. 5-7. Temptation of Religious Enthusiasm. Our most exalted religious experiences are frequently attended with the temptation to make some reasonable demands upon our heavenly Father. All fanaticism may be thus explained. Common-sense methods seem tame and worldly, and we are tempted to prove the genuineness of our religion by taking some fearful unnecessary risks. So Jesus was reminded that God had pledged himself to see that his beloved Son should not fail of support. The angels would bear him up, and he would not be allowed to dash his foot against a stone. (Ps. 91:11,12). He might put the promise to test by casting himself over a certain prominence on the temple roof into the Kidron Valley. Such a demonstration would also make an impressive appeal to the people and cause them to accept him as their Teacher and Savious. But he remembered also another Scripture which forbade one's tempting God.

Ver. 8-11. Temptation of Ambition. It was the holy purpose of Jesus to establish a world kingdom in which righteousness, truth, and love should dwell. It is inconceivable that he could have had any selfish or worldly ambition. But he longed to serve his people and to bring them the highest kind of prosperity and blessedness. The tempter therefore attacked him at that point, and offered him full control of all the kingdoms of the world if eh would but bow down and worship the devil. To do evil that good may come of it, to compromise truth and honor in order to bless the world is the temptation that many a strong manhas experienced. Jesus scorned the suggestion. He appealed to the Scriptures, as he did in all his conflicts with the tempter, and declared his purpose to worship God and him alone.

THE LESSON QUIZ.

Feb. 25, 1912.

[Copyright, 1911, by Rev. T. S. Linscott, D. D.]

The Baptism and Temptation of Jesus. Mark i:9:13; Matt. iv:1-11.

Golden Text—For in that he himself hath suffered being tempted, he is able to succor them that are tempted. Heb. ii:18.

(1.) Verse 9—Why was Jesus baptized by John?

(2.) Repentance was a condition of John's baptism. Did Jesus need to repent? Give your reason.

(3.) Verses 10-11—What were the supernatural attending circumstances in connection with the baptism of Jesus?

(4.) Give your reasons for your opinion as to whether others than Jesus saw, heard or understood the opening heavens, the spirit or the voice.

(5.) Verses 12-13—What "spirit" was it that drove Jesus into the wilderness?

(6.) What or who were the angels that ministered unto Jesus, and what form did their ministry probably take?

(7.) Matt. iv:1—Why was Jesus led into the wilderness to be tempted?

(8.) Why was it necessary or not for Jesus to be tempted?

(9.) Why is it that temptation is a necessary part of God's educational process for all of us?

(10.) How much virtue is there in doing right if there is neither temptation nor opportunity to do wrong? (This is one of the questions which may be answered in writing by members of the club.)

(11.) Verse 2—Why did Jesus fast at all and especially so long a time as forty days?

(12.) If Christians in these days were to fast what would be the probable spiritual results?

(13.) Verse 3—How did the gospel writer learn of the temptation of Jesus and the details in connection therewith?

(14.) To what part of the nature of Jesus did the Devil make his first appeal?

(15.) Why would this first temptation naturally appeal to Jesus with force at this particular time?

(16.) Verse 4—What would have been the moral quality of the act if Jesus had made bread out of stones?

(17.) What did Jesus mean by saying, "Man shall not live by bread alone, but by every word that proceedeth out of the mouth of God?"

(18.) Verses 5-7—Did Jesus go bodily into the city or in imagination only?

(19.) To what part of the nature of Jesus did the Devil urge this second temptation?

(20.) Can you think of any circumstance in which a man of God will act contrary to God's established laws and expect God to reverse their natural consequences?

(21.) If Jesus had done as the Devil requested, how would that have tempted the Lord God?

(22.) Verses 8-11—What is this third temptation?

(23.) In what way could the Devil have carried out his promise?

(24.) Do Angels always minister to those who resist the temptations of the Devil?

Lesson for Sunday, March 3, 1912. The Call of the First Disciples. Mark 1:14-28; Luke v:1-11.

Washington Social.

Tonight at thirty till eight
We beg you help us celebrate
Great George and the immortal tree
His gift to all posterity.
The price of admission is one clothes pin,
Ten are better but one lets you in.

At the First Baptist church. The church, Sunday School and their friends, old and young, are most cordially invited. Everything free. Come and enjoy the evening. f23d

S. A. Barnes and James A. Cox went to Columbus this morning on legal business.

Land to Rent.

Sealed bids will be received up to 7:30 p. m. Feb. 29, 1912 at this office for the renting of five acres of land more or less, known as east side park land, lying east of the Greeman furniture factory. To be let to highest bidder for one year beginning March 1, 1912. Rent must be paid in advance. Certified check for $5 must accompany each bid. Council reserves right to reject any and all bids.

JOHN HAUENSCHILD, Clerk.
f27d

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Fine Breakfast Bacon per lb	22c to 25c
Pure Lard, 2 lbs for	25c
Granulated Sugar, 25 lb. bag	$1.60
Granulated Sugar in bulk per lb	6½c

Just received a barrel of fresh lettuce and a fresh lot of rhubarb.

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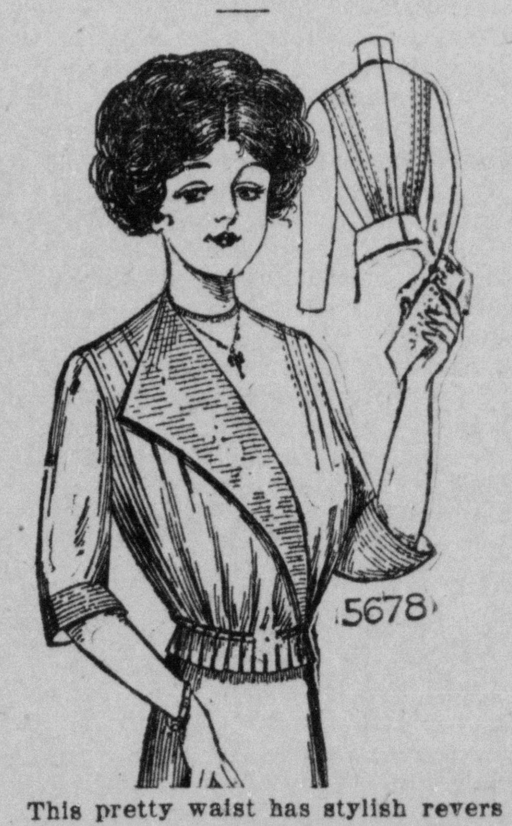
LADY'S WAIST.



This pretty waist has stylish revers and plaited peplum. It is a design suitable for the fashioning of a dressy waist and may be made of cashmere or silk. The revers are of contrasting material. The waist is tucked at the shoulders, front and back. At the front the tucks are released at bust depth to provide becoming fullness and in the back they run to the belt.

The pattern (No. 5678) is cut in sizes from 32 to 42 inch bust measure. To make the waist in the medium size will require 2½ yards of 36 inch material.

To procure this pattern send 10 cents to "Pattern Department," of this paper. Write name and address plainly, and be sure to give size and number of pattern.

NO. 5678. SIZE……………
NAME……………
TOWN……………
STREET AND NO……………
STATE……………

PERSONAL.

Harry Clark was in Indianapolis today.

Mrs. C. E. Morton spent today in Cincinnati.

Mrs. A. J. Pellens spent today in Louisville.

Braxton Foist, of Redding township, was here today.

Noble T. Moore was in North Vernon today on business.

W. H. Willman made a business trip to Louisville this morning.

Mrs. Zelma Leas returned from a few days' stay in Cincinnati.

Mrs. Elva Prewitt, of Columbus, came this morning to spend a few days.

Mrs. Samuel Lewis went to Indianapolis this morning to visit her daughter.

Miss Minnie Breitfield, clerk in the W. H. Reynolds grocery, is quite sick at her home.

Mrs. Mary Colvert, of New Albany, has returned to her home, after visiting relatives here.

Mrs. William Elkins, of Brownstown, came to day to visit her mother, Mrs. Mary McHankey.

J. Robert Blair, Rev. F. M. Huckleberry, Jay C. Smith and N. M. Carlson returned home this morning from Vincennes.

Mrs. Seth Palmer and daughter, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Conley, returned to their home in Cincinnati.

Mrs. Walter Johnson went to Brownstown this morning to visit her daughter and attend the funeral of the late Maurice Burrell.

Miss Mabel Alexander, of Terre Haute, who has ben the guest of Mrs. Frank Elliott, went to Franklin this morning to visit before returning to her home.

Miss Lillian Denny and Mrs. A. B. McMullen, of Chicago, were here this morning on their way to Brownstown, called there by the deather of their brother-in-law, Maurice Burrell.

A Sultan's Practical Joke.

We all like our little joke, and Eastern potentates have from time immemorial enjoyed the reputation of being the merriest of monarchs. The Moorish palace of Sultan Abu Yakub Yussuf at Seville—known today as the "Alcazar"—contains one of the most elaborate practical jokes extnat. When in a gay mood, some important merchant or notable of Seville would receive a pressing invitation summoning him to the presence. In a fever of delighted expectancy the flattered guest would don his whitest raiment and hie him to the palace. There he would be ceremoniously conducted to the gardens and directed up the long avenue. But alas! Half way up it he woul dinevitably tread upon a moving flagstone resting upon a spring, and immediately countless fine jets of water would gush out of the ground and from the surrounding shrubbery and drench him. Amid the jeers of the courtiers, the luckless and bedragged wight would beat an undignified retreat. Before he was allowed to leave the palace, however, he was sworn to secrecy on pain of death. At all costs nothinf must make the joke fall flat when repeated. The treacherous flagstone has been removed, and today the visitor may pass with impunity; but a peseta to the head gardener will usually cause the fountains to play. Not many people know of their existence, however. The water is sprayed through hundreds of tiny pipes, so small as to be almost invisible, which are placed in the cracks between the flagstones.—From the March Strand.

Unless the old signs fail there will be plenty of maple molasses and sugar this year. For a good crop of this sweetness it is necessary that there be a good hard freeze and plenty of moisture. Surely these conditions have been met and those of this county who have sugar orchards are getting ready to tap the trees. From the middle of February to the ides of March is the period for "sugar making" as it is called. A few years ago very little molasses was made for sale and the whole output consisted of sugar, but now it is different, the demand being for the molasses or syrup which finds a ready market at not less than a dollar per gallon. Some of the best sugar orchards this side of Vermont are in Lawrence county east of Bedford. In that section of the county there are thousands of trees that are not tapped at all. There is much less attention given to this industry than was a few years ago.

To make maple syrup, an immense amount of fuel is required and this is where the present day farmer meets trouble. Twenty years ago he could have wood cut at 50 cents a cord. Now he cannot get it cut at any price. The young men who used to chop wood have "cut it out" as being too hard work and most of them have gone to the cities and towns where they eke out an existence without work.—Mitchell Tribune.

DAY LIGHT

PRICES for This Week That You Can't Pass Up

CALICO in blue and grey, for this week, per yard - - - **4c**

Yard wide Muslin, as good as the Hoosier, per yard - - **5c**

A large line of CHILDREN'S RAIN CAPES in plain blue, plain red and grey striped, worth from $2.00 to $3.00, for this week only - - **$1.50**

Ladies' and Misses' RAIN COATS **$2.98 up to $10**

SPRING GOODS OF ALL KINDS
NOW ON DISPLAY

It Always Pays to Trade at

THE DAY LIGHT DRY GOODS STORE

WATCH PHILOSOPHY

"Time is money"—don't pass any counterfeit time.

The main spring after all is to make times good.

A clean face and clean hands make the hours brighter.

When all run down you can get nothing more on tick.

Unless you are "up to the minute" you should be "alarmed."

Be "second to none" and you wil always make a "ten strike."

Boy Killed by Train.

Fort Wayne, Ind., Feb. 23.—Lee Long, aged eighteen, of Garrett, was blinded by the snow while crossing the railroad track in a buggy, and did not see a train approaching. He was run down and killed.

After the regular business session of the Rebekah lodge last night, refreshments of ice cream, cake and coffee were served.

Fifty Years Ago Today.

Feb. 23.

Fayetteville, Ark., occupied by the Federal forces of General Curtis. Many Confederate soldiers from General Price's army and valuable military stores fell into Curtis' hands. Clarksville, Tenn., an important railroad and steamboat center on the Cumberland river, was occupied by Commodore Foote's naval forces, the Confederates having abandoned the place.

Twenty-five Years Ago Today.

Earthquake in southern Europe. Over 700 deaths "on the Riviera." Mountain villages toppled over into the valleys. The shock was recorded by the seismoscope of the United States signal office at Washington.

Fresh Oysters, Ice Cream, Sweany's Stand. o27tf

Thousands of Eyes See "Republican Want Ads."

GUARANTEED
GOLD BOND

GOLD BOND HATS

They are guaranteed Hats. If not satisfactory will be replaced by a new one. The price is $2.00. They are equal to any $3.00 Hat made. They come in all the latest blocks and colors. Try one—you can bank on its wear.

Thomas Clothing Co.

YOU'LL BE UP A TREE some day if you keep on letting your COAL run out before ordering more. Better stop the practice.. Let us send you a supply of nice, clean coal now so that you won't run short in time of need.. Coal doesn't spoil and it is always a comfort to know that one has a good supply.

Raymond City Coal per ton $4.00
Phone No. 4.

Ebner Ice and Cold Storage Co
Exclusive Agents

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THE MAIN BUILDING ESSENTIAL is "good, first quality lumber, free from knots, cracks and imperfections," kiln dried and properly seasoned. No matter what kind of a house you build lumber must of necessity be used in the greater part of it. So the better the lumber the better the house. This is one great reason why it should be supplied by Seymour Planing Mill Co. Their lumber is always of the best grade and furnished according to contract.

SEYMOUR PLANING MILL CO.
419 S. Chestnut St.

Spraying Time

Our line of SPRAYERS are suited to the largest, as well as the smallest fruit grower.

We also carry LIME-SULPHUR SOLUTION ARSENATE OF LEAD.

KESSLER HARDWARE COMPANY

"ARE YOUR EYES WEAK?"

NOW THAT YOU'RE FACE TO FACE with a possibility—or probability—of losing your sight, why not take Time by the forelock and prevent the impending trouble. We are experts in all optical matters and can give you the best service in supplying correct glasses, that will restore the clear vision and stop any headaches if you have been a martyr to such. We charge moderately here.

T. M. JACKSON
JEWELER
Geo. F. Kamman, Optician.

PATENTS PRODUC FORTUNES

PRIZES for patents. Patents secured through us advertised without charge. New lists of inventions needed and possible buyers. "Hints to Inventors." "Why some Inventors fail." Book on patents. Send us rough sketch or model for search of Patent Office records and report on patentability. Special agents in 500 cities and towns. Mr. Greeley while Acting Commissioner of Patents has full charge of U. S. Patent Office. GREELEY & McINTIRE, Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C.

Madame Merri's Advice and Suggestions

Reply to "Anxious."

Kindly publish in your valuable column if it is the girl's place to recognize a young man she has not met, who lives in the next house, if she has to meet him on the street every day.

Will you also tell me where the napkin and fruit spoon are to be placed on the table?

It is always the place of the woman to show the first signs of recognition and I think it would be only polite for you to introduce yourself to the boy as his next door neighbor and speak when you meet him on the street. Then it would be his place to call upon you after that.

Napkins are placed a bit to the left of the plate, and the fruit spoon may be placed across the top of the plate or at the right hand side, with the cereal spoon.

A Variety of Queries.

Will you please answer these questions for me? I will appreciate it very much.

Is it customary for a young man to meet a girl's parents the first time he calls on her?

How is the best way to treat a man that has gotten too familiar with a girl?

How must a girl act to make boys like her?

I am twenty-one and weigh 110 pounds. Do you think I'm the right weight for my age? W. W. W.

It is customary and polite for a man to meet the parents of a girl on the occasion of his first call. If a girl has permitted a man to be familiar it is her duty to stop it and tell him why. If he does not respond to her request and behave himself as a gentleman should she must cut his acquaintance entirely. The only safe rule is "hands off" and then there are no heart aches or regrets.

An amiable, thoughtful girl is more than apt to have friends among both girls and boys. Your weight depends largely upon your height. I would rather be too slender than too stout. I should judge you are just about right.

From "Two Country Girls."

I wonder if you couldn't help us, as you have helped others. We are country girls and not acquainted with social life in the city.

We have invitations to an "At Home." We would like to know what is expected of us to do, and what is an "At Home," and the object?

Do we remove our wraps? Is it a dress affair? And do they serve refreshments? We do not want to appear ignorant.

I can and will help you most gladly. An "At Home" is not at all formidable and you will have no trouble. If you go, arrive between the hours mentioned, remove your heavy outside wrap, retaining hat, fur neckpiece, muff and gloves. Street suits with pretty waists or one-piece gowns are worn. Light refreshments are served. Cards are left on the tray, which is placed conveniently, or handed to the servant at the door, who has a tray for the purpose. At very formal affairs a butler takes the card and announces your name as you enter the drawing room. You speak to your hostess and guests you may happen to know, then partake of refreshments and depart with or without saying adieu to the hostess and receiving party.

Plans for a Party.

We are planning on giving a party for about eight couples of young people, and would like to have you tell us some new way to entertain them. We do not wish to play cards or dance.

Thanking you in advance for your kindness. "CHUMS."

As long as you do not play cards or dance I do not see much left besides guessing contests, music or charades. Perhaps some of the schemes outlined in today's department may help you, as they are for the special occasions that this month brings.

Reply to "Big Eyes."

I am glad to have all motherless girls come to me and will try to guide them to the best of my ability. You are very well proportioned and I should wear the bow on my hair. Make gowns princess, with very little trimming, and just try to cultivate the best possible manners, regardless of whether I was pretty or not. Good nourishing food, with abundant exercise in the open air is the best tonic for a muddy complexion. I see no harm in one of your school mates escorting you home from a school party. In fact, I should think the boys most remiss if they did not see that the girls were all safely home after any school festivities.

MADAME MERRI.

IN VOGUE

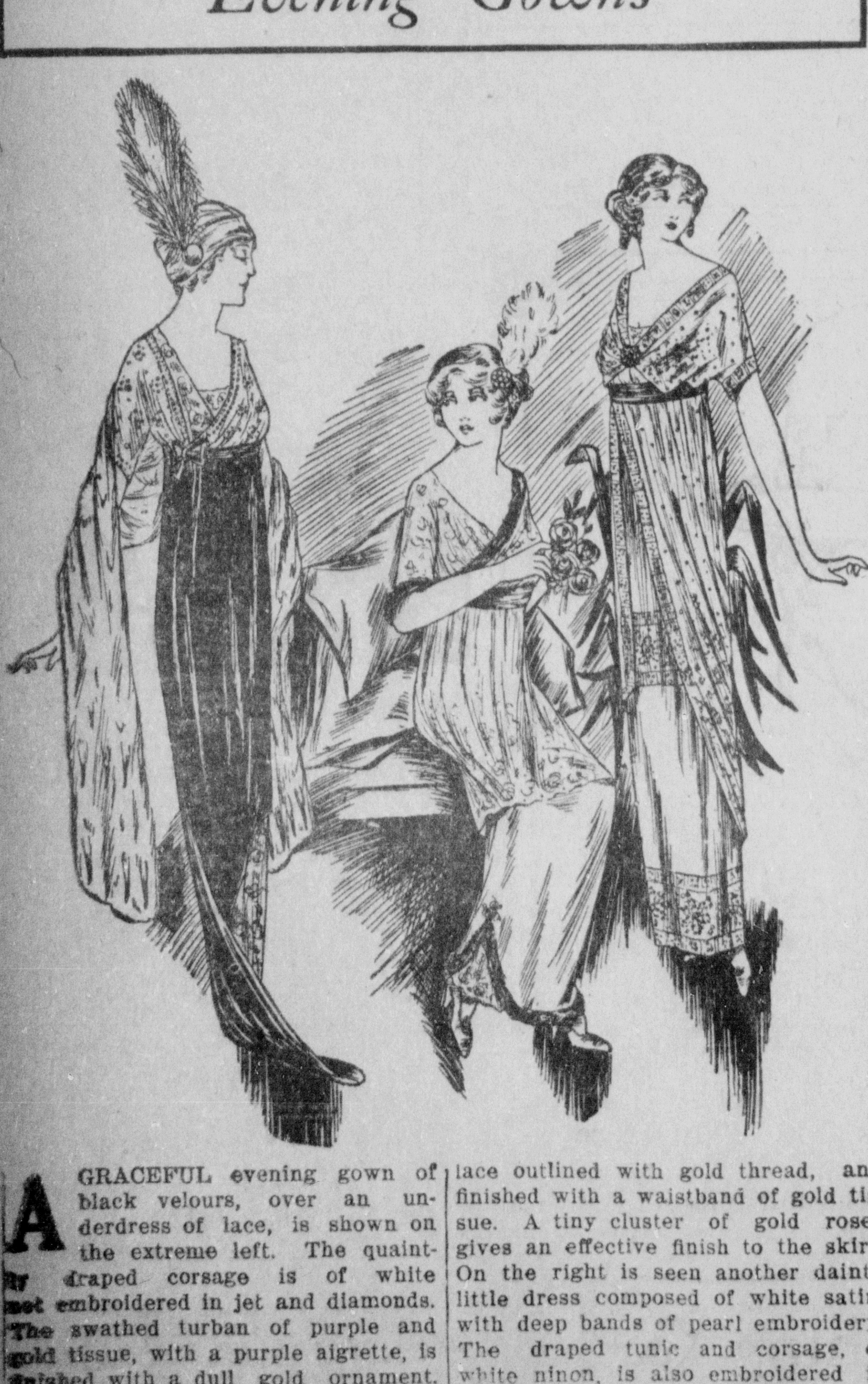
Belts are used on some of the wraps, some of which are of leather, in black, matching or contrasting shades.

Very new is a frock of white satin with a tunic of finely tucked ninon held by a broad band of satin with flowerettes.

An attractive boudoir cap is in the shape of an empire drummer cap, much like the cocked hats children fold from newspapers.

Chiffon taffetas are confidently offered as the ultra-fashionable silk fabrics for the coming season. Glace chiffon taffetas are in the ultra style.

Evening Gowns



A GRACEFUL evening gown of black velours, over an underdress of lace, is shown on the extreme left. The quaintly draped corsage is of white net embroidered in jet and diamonds. The swathed turban of purple and gold tissue, with a purple aigrette, is finished with a dull gold ornament. The party frock shown in the center is of primrose charmeuse, edged with skunk. The tunic and corsage [illegible] lace outlined with gold thread, and finished with a waistband of gold tissue. A tiny cluster of gold roses gives an effective finish to the skirt. On the right is seen another dainty little dress composed of white satin, with deep bands of pearl embroidery. The draped tunic and corsage, of white ninon, is also embroidered in pearls; the extremely low cut corsage is caught in front with a large pearl ornament.

Wings in Millinery

THE use of birds and wings in millinery has, in great measure, given way to the use of fancy feathers, that is, fancy feather pieces put together by the manufacturers in many forms, such as bands, pompons, cockades, etc. Fashion takes more kindly to the plumage of birds mounted in ways which do not suggest the bird at all. But the liking for fancy feathers increases with such vigor that there is no sign in sight pointing toward its waning.

The greater number of wings displayed in millinery are "made wings." Plumage is selected and sewed to a foundation to form them. Sometimes feathers are pasted instead of being sewed, but this is unsatisfactory to the wearer. Exposure to rain, and even moisture causes them to loosen and fall off. As wings are especially liked for street hats, this is a fault that cannot be tolerated. Sewed wings are to be chosen. These will last a season out, which is all one expects or wants of them. Wings are short lived as compared to some other feather decorations. The wind catches and strains them because they are more rigid and have a greater surface than other feathers.

But much depends upon the way in which they are mounted on the hat. They may be so placed that the crown of the hat will support them. In using them for trimming, therefore, two things are to be kept in view; the becomingness of poise and its stability.

For certain effects nothing quite takes the place of wing trimming. The arrival of our July and August outing millinery and the hats prepared for our midwinter northern tourists demonstrate that wings are staple in the world of millinery trimmings.

JULIA BOTTOMLEY.

SATIN BORDERS ON COTTONS

Material, Thus Trimmed, Makes Up Into Dresses of the Most Handsome Description.

Some of the new cotton fabrics for 1912 are beautiful in the extreme, and lift cotton goods into the realm of fine dress. Rich embroidery is used on them, and one of the new features is satin striping or satin bordering.

On some sheer gray voiles, almost silky in texture, there is a broad border of gray satin, heavily embroidered in the same tone. This will make up into handsome dresses, of which not even the most elderly or most wealthy need feel any shame.

More youthful and giddy is a light cotton fabric with a border of satin sheer in which the motif is stamped on in gold, purple and other rich colors—a series of large iris in natural tones.

Solid embroidery in color, combined with openwork, is a feature of some of the new white fabrics.

The new linens are heavy in texture, and come in a large variety of colorings. Gray is especially well liked, and there are good blues, pinks, greens and other shades. In the rough crash finishes the pure white linen is not seen as much as the colored and the natural tone, but it is pre-eminent among the light-weight linens.

VELVET FOR ALL OCCASIONS

Most Popular of All Winter Materials for Tailored or Semi-Tailored Costumes.

"And some in velvet gowns."

That line in the old nursery rhyme is quite apropos this season, for if news from Paris can be relied upon, nearly all will be in velvet gowns before the winter is ended.

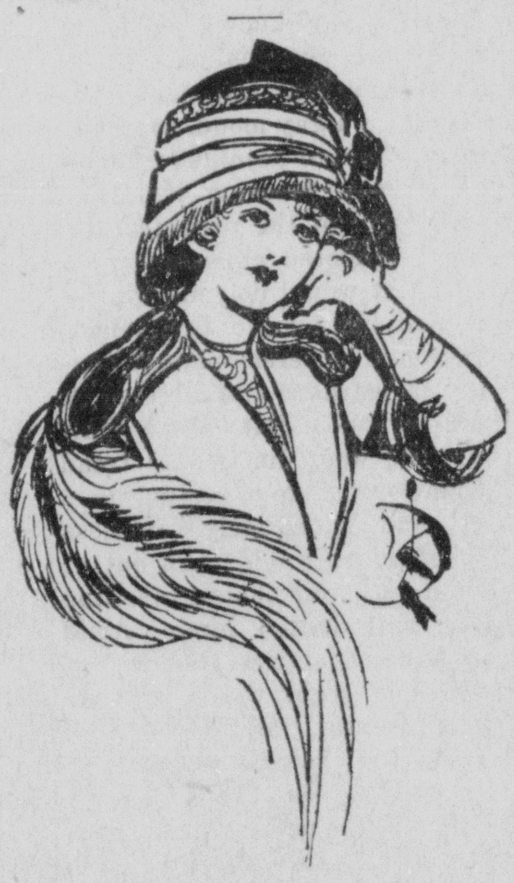
Plain and striped velvets are being featured prominently among the semi-tailored and tailored costumes. Two-piece suits and the favorite one-piece afternoon frock of velvet will have a place in almost every woman's wardrobe, especially if she be numbered among the well-dressed class.

Suits of plain one-tone velvet, or striped velvet showing two tones, trimmed with fur or elaborately braided, are very much in evidence. Some of the smartest of these have high collars that close about the throat in military effect, and these are often finished with a big rever on one side of the front.

Velveteen Frocks.

Velveteen, dressy at the first, durable and serviceable to the last, will always be popular for tunic and first suits for little lads. Brown, blue or green are the shades commonly chosen, but a suit in rose velveteen has been seen which made the small wearer look quite a picture. The little trousers should come well above the knee, the tunic should be double breasted and hook down the right side, and it should show about one and one-half inches of the trousers. The leg of mutton shape caught into a cuff is affected for the sleeve.

BLACK AND WHITE TURBAN



Black and white is the color combination of this becoming turban, with a touch of gilt to enliven it. The hat is covered with black velvet draped on the left side, and knotted in irregular loops and one long end. Around the crown a scarf on white satin is draped, the ends of this also knotted and mingling with the knotted velvet on the left. Along the bottom edge of the scarf is sewed a narrow white silk fringe and around the top a narrow strip of gilt lace. This is a hat which could be worn with many costumes and be equally pretty with all, owing to its neutrality of color.

Picture Fashions.

The fichu has been with us for some time. Now add to the fichu (the quaintest thing in soft taffetas, edged with a tiny pleaited frill) the charming bodice of muslin, run through with narrow black velvet ribbons, the more than attractive frilly sleeves and the long plain petticoat we see in the "Children of George II.," by Copley, and we have a picturesque fashion that is sure to please.

A charming little gown seen recently was made after this fashion and was cut low in the neck in a charmingly becoming round, with elbow sleeves, both sleeves and corsage edged with a plaited and then caught-down frill of muslin. With it was worn a very becoming big hat trimmed with great ribbon bows.

Reversible Coats.

Satin coats are made in reversible style, the lining being in a pretty contrasting shade. To give the necessary warmth the satin reversible coat has an interlining of some woolen material.

Black and gold, old rose and smoke gray, light and dark blue, champagne and pink—these are the color combinations of the reversible wraps, the only trimming being given by means of reverse facings in the deep collars, which are usually bordered with fringe in the two colorings.

QUEEN LOUISE LOVED

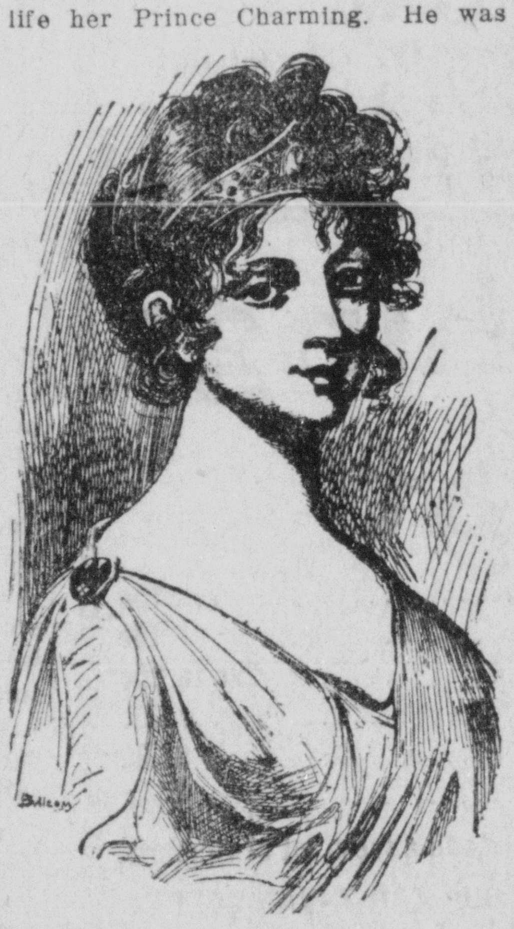
She Was Never Bitter in Grief Over Reverses.

A Century After Her Death Her Tomb at Potsdam Was Covered With Fragrant Flowers by Loving Hands.

Berlin.—Sentiment is an important part of the German temperament and Germans are not ashamed to show it. That may help to explain why, more than a century after her death, the memory of Queen Louise of Prussia is kept fragrant and living by constant gifts of flowers placed upon her tomb at Potsdam. But that characteristic of the Germans does not serve wholly to explain the flowers that are kept always fresh. Other German kings and queens have died and been forgotten almost before the official court mourning ceased. It must indeed have been a very rare and charming personality that made its owner so loved by her subjects that they preserved a tender, reverent memory of her in their hearts and handed down that memory to their children and their children's children.

Queen Louise was more than a ruler's wife—she was a charming, brave, womanly woman and, moreover, she was beautiful. Although a princess of Mecklenburg, she was brought up with much less of formality and more of home life than is contained in the curriculum of a large number of American debutantes today.

The Princess Louise at sixteen was good to look upon. She was tall and slender, her eyes deep blue and her hair brown, with glints of sunlight in it. Her skin was clear and transparent and her exquisite coloring did not need the aid of rouge pot or powder. And then there came into her life her Prince Charming. He was Frederick William, son of the king of Prussia and heir to the throne of that country.



Queen Louise.

In 1793, when the Princess Louise was only seventeen years old, she was married to the crown prince.

It was in a troubled time that Louise had come to be the wife of the future king of Prussia. The French revolution had already broken out and the propagandists of France were sending out armies of conquest into Europe to spread the doctrines of liberty, equality and fraternity.

Prussia, temporized and delayed, made an alliance with France, discarded it, and finally joined the enemies of Napoleon.

The queen spent much of her time with her husband in camp and her courage in that time of national calamity had made her doubly dear to the soldiers. It is said that it was her advice that led Frederick to make war on France. It is certain that she hated Napoleon most cordially then, and he seems to have returned the compliment. But when the country had been overwhelmed by the French the king believed that Louise might be able to induce the French emperor to grant easier terms to Prussia than he was at first inclined to. With that end in view Queen Louise consented to an interview with Napoleon at Tilsit. The French emperor's estimate of Prussia's queen was altered by that interview, but his intentions regarding her country were inexorable.

Soon after that interview Napoleon overwhelmed Austria and Prussia's last forlorn hope of rescue was gone. But Queen Louise was not bitter in her grief and disappointment.

To Use Motor Field Guns.

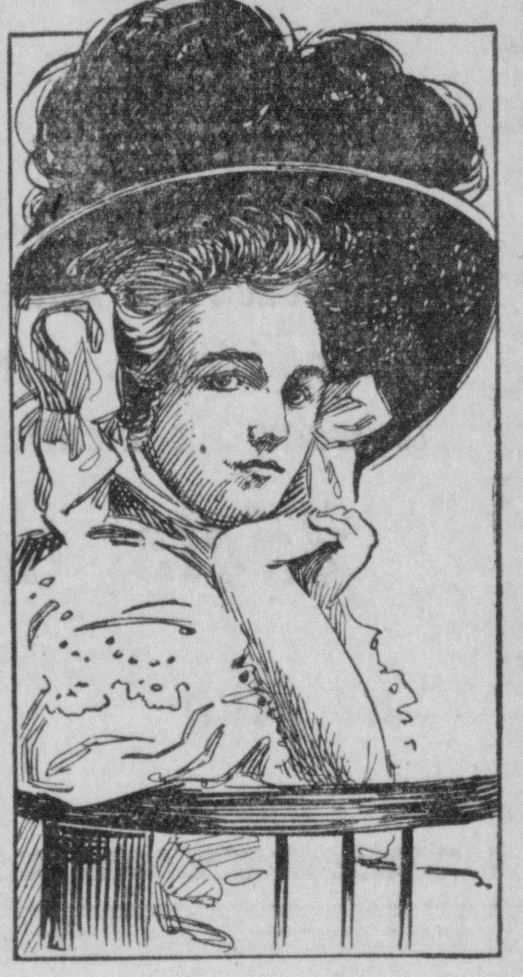
Detroit, Mich.—The government of Guatemala has ordered from a motor car company of this city through its New York agency, three motor cars to be equipped with machine guns and wireless apparatus for use in war. The cars will be the standard 1912 chassis, with a pony tonneau body.

The armament will be Colt rapid fire guns with a capacity of 600 shots a minute. They will be mounted in front of the driver's seat. The wireless will have a 35-foot mast. It will be operated with the regular dynamo used for lighting and starting and will be good for communication at a distance of 50 miles. Each car will have a balloon to take the wireless rig higher, when necessary, and thus increase its efficiency. The cars, equipped, will cost in the neighborhood of $4,000 each.

DOESN'T FEAR ZERO WEATHER

Girl With Cot and Waterproof Blanket Spends Her Nights in Open Air During All Seasons.

Chicago.—For the first time in two years Harrie Downs, 12 years old, spent the other night in a conventional atmosphere of steam radiators and wall paper. It was not because it was cold. Harrie slept outdoors every night during Chicago's seventy-three-hours' stretch of below-zero weather. The trouble was that she got home a little late from a party and the effort of making her bed outside didn't seem worth while.



Harrie Downs.

Harrie is the daughter of E. E. Downs of Evanston, general manager of the Elgin and Belvidere Electric Railway company. Two years ago she was bothered with adenoids. A specialist advised that Harrie sleep outside, winter and summer. Mr. Downs purchased a cot, a waterproof blanket, and a porch screen. He hung the screen on a porch of the Downs apartment, a block from Lake Michigan.

"It'll be nice tonight," commented Harrie, surveying the snow-laid floor. "I always like it when it snows. Last night I didn't get any sleep at all. I had both windows open, but the room still seemed hot."

Harrie says she intends to continue sleeping outside all her life.

CHILD IS BURIED ALIVE

Father Admits Brutal Murder in California Court—Wife Is Charged Jointly for Crime.

San Francisco, Cal.—Charged with murdering his infant son, John Rech, an Italian, was before the Superior court of California, recently. Rech was a willing witness and told the court that he and his wife had talked about "putting away" their child thousands of times that they might have more money to send to the old folks in Italy.

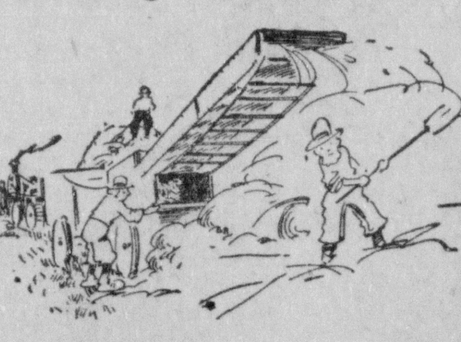
In his statement Rech declared he took the baby back of the barn at his home, where he had dug a hole and, placing the babe in a sitting posture, filled the hole with earth. The death wounds found on the babe's head were inflicted, Rech said, by his shovel when he tamped down the dirt.

The proceedings in court were not lengthy. After Rech's statement had been made it was read over to him by the interpreter and he readily signed it. As he affixed his name to the document, which the authorities declare is virtually his death warrant, Rech showed the first sign of emotion since his arrest. Large tears trickled down his cheeks and he sat silently for a few moments holding his head in his hands.

HEN REMAINED AT HER POST

Was Sitting on Nest in Separator and Stuck While Machine Threshed Out Field of Wheat.

Sioux Falls, S. D.—A threshing machine taken out of a shed for the first time this season was used to thresh out a small field of wheat, near this city. When the job was finished, the machine man discovered a hen sitting on a nest of eggs in a corner of the separator. The wind from the fan ruffled her feathers, the whirling of the pulleys had evidently annoyed her somewhat, and there was dust in her mouth, and fright in her eye, but like the immortal boy on the burning deck, she stuck to her post. Of the thirteen eggs in the nest, only one was injured.



Stuck to Her Nest.

Finds Cancer Cure.

Paris.—Professor Wasserman, noted scientist, claims to have discovered a cure for cancer by treating the disease with selenium and eosin. Selenium was discovered by Mme. Curie, who found radium.

BURNING DAYLIGHT

By JACK LONDON

Author of "The Call of the Wild," "White Fang," "Martin Eden," etc.

Illustrations by Dearborn Melvill

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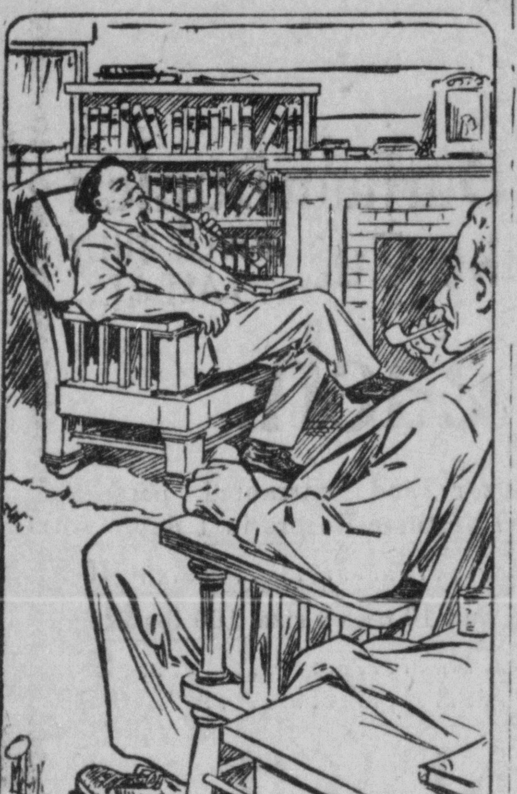
CHAPTER XIII.

One Sunday, late in the afternoon, found Daylight across the bay in the Piedmont hills of Oakland. As usual, he was in a big motor car, though not his own, the guest of Swiftwater Bill, Luck's own darling, who had come down to spend the clean-up of the seventh fortune wrung from the frozen Arctic gravel. It was a merry party, and they had made a merry day of it, circling the bay from San Francisco around by San Jose and up to Oakland, having been thrice arrested for speeding, the third time, however, on the Haywards stretch, running away with their captor. Fearing that a telephone message to arrest them had been flashed ahead, they had turned into the back-road through the hills, and now, rushing in upon Oakland by a new route, were boisterously discussing what disposition they should make of the constable.


Here Was a Man Who Laughed at City Dwellers and Called Them Lunatics.

"We'll come out at Blair Park in ten minutes," one of the men announced. "Look here, Swiftwater, there's a cross-road right ahead, with lots of gates, but it'll take us back-country into Berkeley. Then we can come back into Oakland from the other side, sneak across on the ferry, and send the machine back around tonight with the chauffeur."

But Swiftwater Bill failed to see why he should not go into Oakland by way of Blair Park, and so decided.

The next moment, flying around a bend, the back-road they were not going to take appeared. Inside the gate, leaning out from her saddle and just closing it, was a young woman on a chestnut sorrel. With his first glimpse, Daylight felt there was something strangely familiar about her. The next moment, straightening up in the saddle with a movement he could not fail to identify, she put the horse into a gallop, riding away with her back toward them. It was Dede Mason—he remembered what Morrison had told him about her keeping a riding horse, and he was glad she had not seen him in this riotous company. Intervening trees at that moment shut her from view, and Swiftwater Bill plunged into the problem of disposing of their constable, while Daylight, leaning back with closed eyes, was still seeing Dede Mason gallop off down the country road.

On Monday morning, coming in for dictation, he looked at her with new interest, though he gave no sign of it; and the stereotyped business passed off in the stereotyped way. But the following Sunday found him on a horse himself, across the bay and riding through the Piedmont hills. He made a long day of it, but no glimpse did he catch of Dede Mason, though he even took the back-road of many gates and rode on into Berkeley. It had been a fruitless day, so far as she was concerned; and yet not entirely fruitless, for he had enjoyed the open air and the horse under him to such purpose that, on Monday, his instructions were out to the dealers to look for the best chestnut sorrel that money could buy. At odd times during the week he examined numbers of chestnut sorrels, tried several and was unsatisfied. It was not till Saturday that he came upon Bob. Daylight knew him for what he wanted the moment he laid eyes on him. A large horse for a riding animal, he was none too large for a big man like Daylight. In splendid condition, Bob's coat in the sunlight was a flame of fire, his arched neck a jewelled conflagration.

Daylight examined the mane and found it finer than any horse's hair he had ever seen. Also, its color was unusual in that it was almost auburn. While he ran his fingers through it, Bob turned his head and playfully nuzzled Daylight's shoulder.

"Saddle him up, and I'll try him," he told the dealer. "I wonder if he's used to spurs. No English saddle, mind. Give me a good Mexican and a curb bit—not too severe, seeing as he likes to rear."

Daylight superintended the preparations, adjusting the curb strap and the stirrup length, and doing the cinching. He shook his head at the martingale, but yielded to the dealer's advice to allow it to go on. And Bob, beyond spirited restlessness and a few playful attempts, gave no trouble. Nor in the hour's riding that followed, save for some permissible curveting and prancing, did he misbehave. Daylight was delighted; the purchase was immediately made; and Bob, with riding gear and personal equipment, was dispatched across the bay forthwith to take up his quarters in the stables of the Oakland Riding Academy.

The next day being Sunday, Daylight was away early, crossing on the ferry and taking with him Wolf, the leader of his sled team, the one dog which he had selected to bring with him when he left Alaska. Quest as he would through the Piedmont hills and along the many-gated back-road to Berkeley, Daylight saw nothing of Dede Mason and her chestnut sorrel. But he had little time for disappointment, for his own chestnut kept him busy. At the end of half an hour of goodness Daylight, lured into confidence, was riding along at a walk and rolling a cigarette, with slack knees and relaxed seat, the reins lying on the animal's neck. Bob whirled abruptly and with lightning swiftness, pivoting on his hind legs, his fore legs just lifted clear of the ground. Daylight kept his seat, but, beyond a futile rein across the neck, did nothing to prevent the evolution.

"Well, Bob," he addressed the animal, at the same time wiping the sweat from his own eyes, "I'm free to confess that you're sure the blamedest all-fired quickest creature I ever saw. I guess the way to fix you is to keep the spur just a-touching—ah! you brute!"

For, the moment the spur touched him, his left hind leg had reached forward in a kick that struck the stirrup a smart blow. Several times, out of curiosity, Daylight attempted the spur, and each time Bob's hoof landed the stirrup. Then Daylight, following the horse's example of the unexpected, suddenly drove both spurs into him and reached him underneath with the quirt.

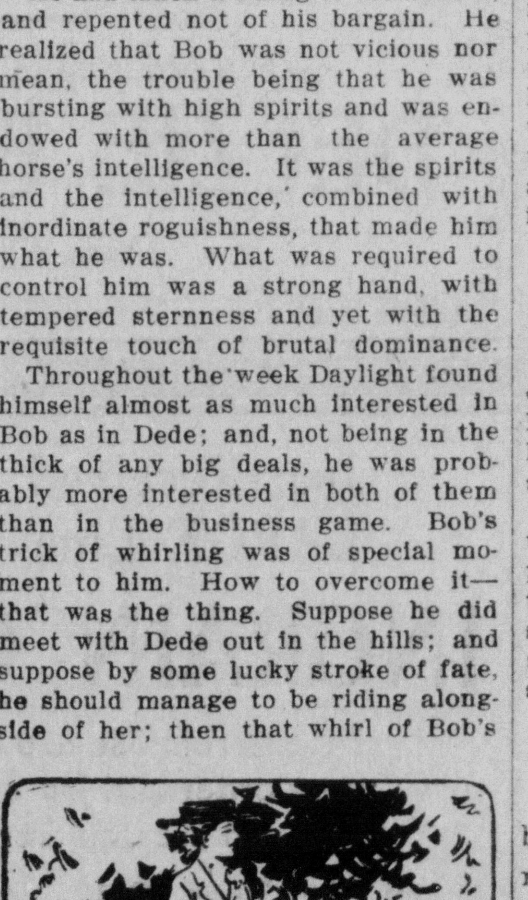
"You ain't never had a real licking before," he muttered, as Bob, thus rudely jerked out of the circle of his own impish mental processes, shot ahead.

Half a dozen times spurs and quirt bit into him, and then Daylight settled down to enjoy the magnificent gallop. No longer punished, at the end of a half mile Bob eased down into a fast canter. Wolf, toiling the rear, was catching up, and everything was going nicely. And when, at last, Daylight decided that the horse had had enough, he turned him around abruptly and put him into a gentle canter on the forward track. After a time, he reined in to a stop to see if he were breathing painfully. Standing for a minute, Bob turned his head and nuzzled his rider's stirrup in a roguish, impatient way, as much as to intimate that it was time they were going on.

"Well, I'll be plumb gosh darned!" was Daylight's comment. "No ill-will, no grudge, no nothing—and after that lambasting! You're sure a hummer, Bob."

He had taken a liking to the animal, and repented not of his bargain. He realized that Bob was not vicious nor mean, the trouble being that he was bursting with high spirits and was endowed with more than the average horse's intelligence. It was the spirits and the intelligence, combined with inordinate roguishness, that made him what he was. What was required to control him was a strong hand, with tempered sternness and yet with the requisite touch of brutal dominance.

Throughout the week Daylight found himself almost as much interested in Bob as in Dede; and, not being in the thick of any big deals, he was probably more interested in both of them than in the business game. Bob's trick of whirling was of special moment to him. How to overcome it—that was the thing. Suppose he did meet with Dede out in the hills; and suppose by some lucky stroke of fate, he should manage to be riding alongside of her; then that whirl of Bob's would be most disconcerting and embarrassing. He was not particularly anxious for her to see him thrown forward on Bob's neck. On the other hand, suddenly to leave her and go dashing down the back-track, plying quirt and spurs, wouldn't do, either. What was wanted was a method wherewith to prevent that lightning whirl. He must stop the animal before it got around. The reins would not do this. Neither would the spurs. Remained the quirt. But how to accomplish it? Bob always whirled to the right. Very well. He would double the quirt in his hand, and, the instant of the whirl, that double quirt would rap Bob on the nose. The horse didn't live, after it once learned the lesson, that would whirl in the face of the doubled quirt.


It Was Dede.

More keenly than ever, during that week in the office, did Daylight realize that he had no social, nor even human contacts with Dede. The situation was such that he could not ask her the simple question whether or not she was going riding next Sunday. Thus he found another card in the hand the mad god had dealt him. How important that card was to become he did not dream, yet he decided that it was a pretty good card.

Sunday came, and Bob, out in the Piedmont hills, behaved like an angel. His goodness at times was of the spirited, prancing order, but otherwise he was a lamb. But no Dede did Daylight encounter. He vainly circled about among the hill roads, and in the afternoon took the steep grade over the divide of the second range and dropped into Maraga Valley. Just after passing the foot of the descent, he heard the hoof beats of a cantering horse. It was from ahead and coming toward him. What if it were Dede? He turned Bob around and started to return at a walk. The canter came nearer, but he faced straight ahead until he heard the horse behind check to a walk. Then he glanced over his shoulder. It was Dede. The recognition was quick, and, with her, accompanied by surprise. What more natural thing than that, partly turning his horse, he should wait till she caught up with him; and that, when abreast, they should continue abreast on up the grade? He could have sighed with relief. The thing was accomplished, and so easily. Greetings had been exchanged; here they were side by side and going in the same direction with miles and miles ahead of them.

He noted that her eye was first for the horse and next for him.

"Oh, what a beauty!" she had cried at sight of Bob. From the shining light in her eyes, and the face filled with delight, he would scarcely have believed that it belonged to the young woman he had known in the office, the young woman with the controlled, subdued office face.

"I didn't know you rode," was one of her first remarks. "I imagined you were wedded to get-there-quick machines."

Thus, and to his great relief, they launched on a topic of mutual interest. He told her about Bob's tricks, and of the whirl and his scheme to overcome it; and she agreed that horses had to be handled with a certain rational severity, no matter how much one loved them. There was Mab, which she had had for eight years, and which she had had to break of stall-kicking. The process had been painful for Mab, but it had cured her.

"You've ridden a lot," Daylight said.

"I really can't remember the first time I was on a horse," she told him. "I was born on a ranch, you know, and they couldn't keep me away from the horses."

And thereat she told him more of her ranch life in the days before her father died. And Daylight was hugely pleased with himself. They were getting acquainted. The conversation had not lagged in the full half hour they had been together. When she talked, he listened and followed her, and yet all the while he was following his own thoughts and impressions as well. It was a nervy thing for her to do, this riding astride, and he didn't know, after all, whether he liked it or not. His ideas of women were prone to be old-fashioned; they were the ones he had imbibed in the early day, frontier life of his youth, when no woman was seen on anything but a side-saddle. He had grown up to the tacit fiction that women on horseback were not bipeds. It came to him with a shock, this sight of her so manlike in her saddle. But he had to confess that the sight looked good to him just the same.

(To be Continued)

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by consitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflamation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

A "Want Ad." in the Republican is a "Want Ad." in the Home.

ABE ATTELL

Featherweight Champion Drops His Title to Johnnie Kilbane.

Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 23.—Johnnie Kilbane of Cleveland defeated Abe Attell, featherweight champion, in a twenty-round battle at Los Angeles for the featherweight title. Attell put up a pretty good showing in the first seven rounds, but thereafter he was out of the running and Kilbane, with his cleverness and shifty movements, defeated him without question. Abe was outclassed and is no longer a champion.

ADVICE ABOUT GRIP.

How to Escape Its Dangerous After Effects.

With so much grip in town this winter a few words of advice will not be out of place.

First, grip is no trifle. Its after effects are often very serious.

Second, grip is particularly bad on children, old people and all who are not in the best of health.

Third, grip hangs on—takes away your energy and appetite—leaves you feeling weak and played out. That is a dangerous condition.

The best thing you can do is to build yourself up with Vinol, our delicious cod liver and iron preparation without oil. It tones up the system and makes you strong and vigorous.

Read this letter from R. J. Lown, Oneonta, N. Y.: "I had an attack of grip last January which left me in a very badly weakened and rundown condition. Lately I began to take Vinol and I find it strictly all right. It began to help me from the very first and now I am as well as ever."

Remember we guarantee Vinol to do just what we say—we pay back your money if it does not. The Andrews Drug Co., Seymour, Ind.

SAVE YOUR HAIR
By keeping the scalp clean and healthy with Mrs. Mason's Old English Shampoo Cream, a pure, antiseptic tonic wash which removes dandruff, stops falling hair and makes the hair bulbs active and strong. 25c. at The Andrews Drug Co., and other druggists, Seymour, Ind.

TOO MUCH PRESSURE

Ardent Lover Sued For Cracking Ribs of His Girl.

Sterling, Ill., Feb. 23.—Miss Laura Drew, nineteen years of age, has brought suit for assault and battery against Frederick Knox, forty-eight years old, as a result of his too ardent love making. Miss Drew asserts that Knox, who has been paying attention to her recently, asked her to marry him. Evidently taking it for granted that she would acquiesce, she declared he gave her a loving squeeze which caused her to faint and she kept to her bed for several days. She alleges that three ribs were cracked as a result of Knox's bearlike hug. Knox is reputed to be wealthy and declares that the suit is an attempt to extort money from him.

Honor For Mr. Kern.

Washington, Feb. 23.—Senator Kern of Indiana read Washington's farewell address in the senate. For the past ten years it has been an order of the senate that Washington's farewell address be read on the anniversary of his birth. The senator who performs this duty is designated by the vice president. He is given a neat commission directing him to render the service.

Girl Lost Her Tresses.

Madison, Wis., Feb. 23.—The strange discovery of Marguerite Hanley, a Portage (Wis.) freshman at the state university, that her tresses had been shorn during the night, is the sole subject of discussion in university circles, and has caused a faculty investigation of all the circumstances. The authorities are inclined to think the girl cut off her own hair during her sleep.

The Trials of a Traveler.

"I am a traveling salesman," writes E. E. Youngs, E. Berkshire, Vt., "and was often troubled with constipation and indigestion until I began to use Dr. King's New Life Pills, which I have found an excellent remedy." For all stomach, liver or kidney troubles they are unequaled. Only 25 cents at The Andrews Drug Co.

Advertise in the Republican. It pays.

ECZEMA

QUICKLY CURED
WITH "ZEMO."

A Trial Treatment for 25 cents.

The makers of ZEMO—the celebrated eczema and skin cure—have placed on the market a trial treatment package consisting of a generous bottle of ZEMO, a trial cake of ZEMO SOAP and a 32 page booklet "How to Preserve the Skin."—This entire package to be sold at 25c, so that everybody can test the true healing and cleansing properties of ZEMO. We have received a good supply of these trial-treatment packages and urge all those troubled with Eczema, Pimples, Itching Skin, or any other skin or scalp disease, to come here and get the ZEMO trial-treatment. We heartily endorse and recommend ZEMO and ZEMO SOAP to all persons suffering from any form of skin or scalp trouble. It is a clean, soothing, healing wash and a sweet antiseptic soap that does not glaze over the trouble like salves, powders and greasy lotions, but penetrates to the very root of this trouble. ZEMO stops the itching at once and opens the pores and draws out the poisonous accumulations to the surface of the skin leaving it clean and healthy. Get a trial-treatment of ZEMO today—you'll find it the best 25c. investment you ever made. A. J. Pellens Drug Store.

LOST SUIT AGAINST THE CHIROPRACTORS

But the State Has Not Given Up Its Fight.

Huntington, Ind., Feb. 23.—After three hours of deliberation a Huntington circuit court jury found for the defendant in the case of the state of Indiana against J. E. Meyers, a chiropractor. This is the second hearing of the case, which was originally started against the chiropractors of Indiana, at the instance of the Indiana state board of health. In the first trial the jury disagreed. It is understood that the state board plans to make a second test case against a chiropractor in another part of the state and will probably not appeal this case.

Meyers was charged with practicing medicine without a license. The chiropractors insist that they merely make adjustments and do no doctoring with medicine, in fact, do not make cures, leaving the restoration of the patient to nature by a "laying on of the hands." They use no medicine or the knife; but they contend they remove the cause of the affliction by taking off a pressure on the nerves as one would take it off a hose and let the water through, the work of the chiropractor being to remove the obstruction and let nature do the rest. This was the contention of the defense.

STEADFAST CONFIDENCE.

The Following Statement Should Form Conclusive Proof of Merit to Every Seymour Reader.

Could stronger proof of the merit of any remedy be desired than the statements of grateful endorsers who say their confidence has been undiminished by lapse of time? These are the kind of statements that are appearing constantly in your local paper for Doan's Kidney Pills. They are twice-told and confirmed with new enthusiasm. Can any reader doubt the following? It's from a resident of Seymour.

Mrs. Henry Moritz, 528 W. Laurel St., Seymour, Ind., says: "I suffered intensely from lameness across the small of my back and at night I was unable to get my proper rest. The kidney secretions were unnatural and I also had headaches. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me and I am now free from kidney complaint." (Statement given in 1906.)

Time Is the Test.

Mrs. Moritz was interviewed on April 14, 1910 and she said: "During the years that have passed since Doan's Kidney Pills cured me, I have had little or no trouble from my kidneys. It is a pleasure to publicly acknowledge the benefit I have received."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United Sates.

Remember the name—Doan's and take no other.

Strikers Use Bombs.

Paris, Feb. 23.—Violence has again marked the taxicab strike. The striking drivers used bombs which were exploded under the seats of nine of the vehicles. All of them were partly wrecked. The assistant director of the municipal laboratory, M. Ferriere, and a policeman were injured when one of the bombs under a taxi exploded.

Thousands of Eyes See "Republican Want Ads."

BALTIMORE & OHIO
SOUTHWESTERN R.R.

COMMENCING MARCH 1st AND CONTINUING DAILY TO APRIL 15th, 1912. WE WILL SELL ONE WAY TICKETS TO ARIZONIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, CALIFORNIA, COLORADO, IDAHO, MEXICO, MONTANA, NEVADA, NEW MEXICO, OREGON, TEXAS, UTAH, WASHINGTON AND WYOMING AT VERY LOW RATES.

ALSO ON THE FIRST AND THIRD TUESDAY OF EACH MONTH ROUND TRIP TICKETS ARE SOLD GOOD TO RETURN WITHIN 25 DAYS TO THE WEST, SOUTHWEST, ALSO TO THE SOUTH AND SOUTHEAST. FOR RATES AND TIME OF TRAINS CALL AT B. & O. TICKET OFFICE OR ADDRESS

E. MASSMAN, Agt.

W. P. TOWNSEND, D. P. A.,
Vincennes, Ind.

Indianapolis, Columbus & Southern Traction Company.

I.C.&S. SOUTHERN TRACTION CO.

In Effect December 4, 1911.

Northbound Cars Lv. Seymour		Southbound Cars Ar. Seymour	
6:55 a. m.	I	C	6:20 a. m.
x8:10 a. m.	I	G	7:51 a. m.
9:00 a. m.	I	I	8:51 a. m.
•9:18 a. m.	I	I	•9:09 a. m.
10:00 a. m.	I	I	9:53 a. m.
•11:18 a. m.	I	I	•11:09 a. m.
12:00 m.	I	I	11:50 a. m.
•1:18 p. m.	I	I	z1:25 p. m.
2:00 p. m.	I	I	•2:10 p. m.
•3:18 p. m.	I	I	3:50 p. m.
4:00 p. m.	I	I	•4:10 p. m.
5:00 p. m.	I	I	4:53 p. m.
•6:18 p. m.	I	I	•6:09 p. m.
7:20 p. m.	I	I	6:53 p. m.
•8:18 p. m.	I	I	7:53 p. m.
9:00 p. m.	I	I	•8:10 p. m.
10:45 p. m.	G	I	9:50 p. m.
11:55 p. m.	C	I	11:38 p. m.

I—Indianapolis.
C—Columbus.
G—Greenwood.
x—Indianapolis-Seymour Limited.
•—Hoosier Flyers. •—Dixie Flyers.
z—Makes no country stops between Indianapolis and Edinburg, but makes all stops south of Edinburg, connects with the B. & O. west leaving Seymour at 2:03 p. m.

Cars makes connections at Seymour with trains of the B. & O. and Southern Indiana Railroads for all points east and west of Seymour.

For rates and full information see agents and official time table folders in all cars.

General Offices—Columbus, Indiana.

INDIANAPOLIS AND LOUISVILLE TRACTION COMPANY

INDPLS. & LOU. TRAC. CO.

Dixie Flyers leave Seymour for Crothersville, Scottsburg, Sellersburg, Watson Junction, Jeffersonville and Louisville at 9:11, 11:11 a. m. and 2:11, 4:11, 6:11, 8:11 p. m.

Local cars leave Seymour for Louisville and all intermediatte points at 6:00, 8:00, 10:00 a. m., 12:00 m., •1:00, 3:00, 5:00, 7:00, •9:00, •11:00 p. m.

• Runs as far as Scottsburg only.

Freight service daily except Sunday between Seymour, Jeffersonville, Louisville, New Albany and all intermediate points.

Express service given on local passenger cars.

For rates and further information see agents, or official time folders in all cars.

GENERAL OFFICES,
Scottsburg, Indiana.

"SOUTHEASTERN LINE."

Chicago, Terre Haute and Southeastern Railway Company.

NORTHBOUND
—Daily—

		No. 2.	No. 4.	No. 6.
Lv	Seymour	6:20 am	11:30 am	4:50 pm
Lv	Bedford	7:58 am	1:10 pm	6:28 pm
Lv	Odon	9:07 am	2:21 pm	7:36 pm
Lv	Elnora	9:17 am	2:31 pm	7:46 pm
Lv	Beehunter	9:33 am	2:46 pm	7:59 pm
Lv	Linton	9:48 am	3:00 pm	8:14 pm
Lv	Jasonv'le	10:20 am	3:31 pm	8:47 pm
Ar	Tr. Haute	11:15 am	4:25 pm	9:40 pm

SOUTHBOUND
—Daily—

		No. 1.	No. 3.	No. 5.
Lv	Tr. Haute	6:00 am	10:45 am	5:35 pm
Lv	Jasonv'le	6:54 am	11:42 am	6:29 pm
Lv	Linton	7:18 am	12:08 pm	6:53 pm
Lv	Beehunter	7:30 am	12:20 pm	7:05 pm
Lv	Elnora	7:45 am	12:35 pm	7:21 pm
Lv	Odon	7:55 am	12:45 pm	7:36 pm
Lv	Bedford	9:17 am	2:05 pm	8:56 pm
Ar	Seymour	10:50 am	3:40 pm	10:30 pm

No. 28 mixed train North-bound leaves Westport 7:30 a. m., arriving at Seymour 9:45 a. m. daily except Sunday.

No. 27 mixed train South-bound leaves Seymour 2:30 p. m. arriving at Westport 4:30 p. m. daily except Sunday.

For time tables or further information call on or write

S. L. CHERRY, G. A.,
Seymour, Ind.

J. T. AVERITT, G. P. A.,
Grand Central Station, Chicago, Ill.

ANNA E. CARTER
NOTARY PUBLIC
Pension Vouchers Filled Out.
Office at the Daily REPUBLICAN office, 108 West Second Street.

ENGLAND FACES SERIOUS TIE-UP

Miners Seem Determined to Go Out On Strike.

LITTLE PROSPECT OF PEACE

Cabinet Conference With Leaders of British Labor Movement Resulted in Cold Comfort For Those Who Had Hoped to Avert Great Strike—Prospect That Continental Miners May Join in the Far-Reaching Movement.

London, Feb. 23.—To those who are trying to prevent the catastrophe, the conference between Premier Asquith and the other members of the cabinet and the mine owners and representatives of the miners in regard to the projected strike of March 1 brought little comfort. If the efforts to prevent it are not successful the feeling here is that there will be the most far-reaching labor disturbance ever experienced in Great Britain in its effect on trade and human comfort.

The upshot of the conferences so far as the miners are concerned was the declination of their representatives to take any part in this or other conferences until they had received authority from a meeting of those present as delegates and the colliers. This meeting is to be held here on Feb. 27.

Premier Asquith then invited the mine owners and representatives of the colliers to meet him on that day. The mine owners accepted at once, but the miners said they could not do so at present. They gave no reason for this declination to attend a future conference. The delegates from the mine unions of Belgium, France and Germany have agreed on the course to be pursued in the event of a strike, but they decline to announce what action they propose to take or whether the continental countries will join with the British strikers.

Not Going to Resign.

London, Feb. 23.—Rt. Hon. Herbert Samuel, the postmaster general, in a speech last night denied the rumors that Premier Asquith intended to resign his portfolio. He said all the colleagues of the prime minister no doubt knew this to be a fact and were rejoiced over it.

CONSTERNATION

Has Been Created Among Canadian Catholics by Court Decision.

Montreal, Feb. 23.—The marriage of Eugene Herbert and Dame E. Clouagre, two Catholics, performed in Montreal by a Methodist minister, was declared valid and binding by Justice Charbonneau of the superior court in one of the most important, most complete and most sweeping judgments ever delivered in Canada on the question of the status of the ecclesiastical law of the Catholic church. The judgment excludes from the consideration of Canadian courts not only the Ne Temere decree, but virtually all other ecclesiastical legislation. It lays down the principle that the essence of marriage is the consent of the parties and that the sacrament is "simply a form which gives to it its seal of solemnity."

No doubt is entertained that the decision will be appealed to the privy council. It has created profound consternation among Roman Catholics throughout the Dominion.

FIRE IN MINE

Between Twenty to Forty Men Probably Doomed to Death.

Lehigh, Okla., Feb. 23.—Between twenty and forty miners employed in the coal mine of the Wichita Coal and Mining company lost their lives when fire broke out in the mine, entombing the men. The filling up of the shafts with smoke and the failure of the machinery to work prevented their rescue. The fire is still raging in the mine, and it is not believed that any of those yet within the shafts can be alive. The number of these is estimated variously by different officials of the companies at from fifteen to thirty-five.

When the fire broke out the alarm was spread through the mine and more than a hundred miners either walked out or were carried out by rescuers overcome by smoke. A large number who were unconscious from suffocation were revived after racking the air.

WEATHER EVERYWHERE

Observations of United States weather bureaus taken at 8 p. m. yesterday follow:

	Temp.	Weather.
New York	27	Clear
Boston	26	Pt. Cloudy
Denver	12	Cloudy
San Francisco	52	Cloudy
St. Paul	2	Snow
Chicago	22	Cloudy
Indianapolis	20	Clear
St. Louis	32	Clear
New Orleans	48	Clear
Washington	32	Clear

Unsettled; rising temperature.

WILLIAM L. WARD

Mentioned as Manager of Col. Roosevelt's Campaign.

Photo by American Press Association.

WAS IT ANGELS OR WAS IT HYSTERICS?

This Is the Question Londoners Are Interested In.

London, Feb. 23.—As the result of a visit of an angel on last Sunday, Dorothy Kerin of Herne Hill, a short distance from London, claims she has been restored to health and regained her hearing and sight. This city is much interested in the case.

She has now been removed to the residence of Dr. Ash, a nerve specialist, in order to enable a study to be made of her case and to get her away from the crowds which have been visiting her home since Sunday, after the people had learned of the angel's visit. The girl claims that she saw a vision of a flame and heard a voice saying "Thy sufferings are over," and that she was able to get up and walk.

Miss Kerin, who is twenty-two years old, has been bedridden for five years with a mild attack of tuberculosis. Recently she became blind and deaf. She now sees and hears and is able to stand up.

Many physicians who examined her case are inclined to the opinion that the cure was effected by auto-suggestion through her intense emotional state and that this caused the vision. Her account of the angelic vision which restored her senses and relieved all pain is ascribed to hysteria by skeptics, but the facts of the case are beyond dispute.

TERSE TELEGRAMS

Jewelry valued at $50,000 was stolen from Mrs. Eugene de Sabla at her apartments in a San Francisco hotel.

Daniel C. Miles of Westminster, Mass., brother of General Nelson A. Miles, is dead at the latter's home in Washington, aged eighty-three years.

Federal indictments have been returned at Cincinnati against the Adams Express company, which is alleged to have exacted unlawful rates on shipments.

Eight children the oldest ten months, have died in the Brooklyn Nursery and Infants hospital since Sunday, and the doctors are convinced they were poisoned.

The federal grand jury in session at Cincinnati returned thirty indictments against officials of the National Cash Register of Dayton, on charges of operating as a trust.

Thomas W. Lawson of frenzied finance fame, may be the first witness in the senate interstate commerce commission's proposed probe of the money trust, according to a report at the senate.

President Taft went to Mt. Vernon Thursday accompanied by members of the George Washington Masonic National Memorial association, and placed a large wreath in the tomb of General Washington.

The Postal Telegraph Cable company has filed a complaint with the interstate commerce commission against the Western Union Telegraph company, alleging discrimination and unreasonable charges.

The Young Australian League, which believes in "education by travel"—forty of them—have reached New York on their world tour to see what they can see. The oldest of the lads is nineteen and the youngest ten.

New Yorkers claim that when the blizzard which swept over this region a few days ago reached that city it had attained a velocity of 110 miles an hour. The marvel of the blast was that aside from smashing a few windows, it did little damage.

Trade between the United States and the Philippine Islands has more than doubled in the brief period since the enactment of the existing tariff law which admits Philippine products except rice free of duty into the United States and domestic product free of duty into the Philippines.

Sweet Things from Huyler's Shipped Today!

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS THE PEOPLE'S MARKET PLACE

FOUND—Lap robe. Inquire here.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply at Reinhart's grocery, 3rd and Chestnut streets. f22tf

WANTED — Dressmaking. 514 South Chestnut street. f24d

WANTED—Nurse girl. 207 Bruce St. f20tf

FOR SALE—Two plows, horse, buggy and harness. Cheap. Inquire here. f24d

FOR SALE—Up-right piano in good condition. Inquire here. f19dtf

FOR RENT—House, five rooms, large hall, cellar, gas, water, central location. J. L. Blair. Phone 263. f19dtf

FOR RENT—A comfortable 7 room house, near the center of the city. Inquire here. j17dtf

FOR RENT—7 room house, gas, water. 3 rooms over Nickelo. 5 room cottage. E. C. Bollinger.

FOR RENT—Five room cottage. Mrs. Adelia White. 112 W. Fifth. f23d

FOR RENT—Five room house on West Fifth street. Phone 1009. f24d

FOR RENT—Good 4 room house, $5.00 a month. Inquire here. f23d

Money to Loan. R. L. Moseley. f27d

Money to loan. U. F. Lewis. j16tf

Seymour Temperatures.

The following are the maximum and minimum temperatures as shown by the government thermometers at the Seymour volunteer weather observation station and reported by J. Robt. Blair, observer. The figures are for twenty-four hours ending at noon:

	Max.	Min.
February 23, 1912	48	16

Weather Indications.

Increasing cloudiness and warmer tonight and Saturday. Rain Saturday.

NEWSY PARAGRAFS.

Mrs. Otto DeArmond is quite sick at her home on South Broadway.

—o—

Mrs. Fred Hopkins is reported to be ill at her home on East Third street.

—o—

A district meeting of Roosevelt supporters was held at North Vernon today.

—o—

Rev. J. F. Harvey left this morning for Lithopolis, O., to conduct a series of revival meetings.

—o—

Mrs. C. E. T. Dobbins attended a party given by Mrs. Charles Francis at Bedford last night.

—o—

Miss Hannah Wainscott entertained the Ladies' Aid Society of the Christian church this afternoon.

—o—

An excellent meeting was held at the German M. E. church last night. Services will be held tonight. Preaching by the pastor.

—o—

Henry Opp left today for his home in Rockport, Mo. He was called here by the death of his mother, Mrs. Minnie Opp, and was the only one of the sons living at a distance who was able to attend the funeral.

—o—

William Muster, who was taken into custody Thursday on a charge of illegal voting, was released in the evening, no formal charge having been placed against him. It is not known whether further action is to be taken.

Advertise in the Republican. It pays.

CIRCULARS
C stands for circulars, clear and concise,
P stands for printing them, also the price,
J for the job, done so cheap and so well,
I for the increase in goods you will sell.
Mail Us Your Order Today

The KITCHEN CABINET

TRUE courage is not incompatible with nervousness; and heroism does not mean the absence of fear, but the conquest of it. —Van Dyke.

Life is mostly froth and bubble,
Two things stand like stone;
Kindness in another's trouble,
Courage in your own.
—A. L. Gordon.

A VALENTINE LUNCHEON.

There are each year so many new favors, place cards and ideas for house and table decoration for valentine parties that one may have something unusual without much expense.

The "little god of love" favors red as his color, and one may use red in flowers for table decorations. Small cakes baked in the form of a heart, or cookies cut with a heart cutter, frosted and decorated with the small red candies so much enjoyed by the children, heart-shaped patty shells may be used, with creamed sweetbreads for filling. Ices and ice creams can be bought molded in heart forms.

Of course, the inevitable sandwich is to be heart-shaped and any desired filling may be used.

For the center piece, a bunch of dark red carnations with streamers of red ribbon or nicely cut crepe paper ending in the favors of small heart-shaped boxes filled with bon-bons or salted nuts.

For the young people there is no game that seems quite so enjoyable as hunting hidden peanuts, the one finding the largest number receiving an appropriate prize, and the one finding the least a consolation prize.

For room decorations the lights may be shaded with red paper or lighted with red-shaded candles.

A very effective decoration for walls and windows is made of hearts cut from red cardboard pasted on ribbon. Hang in straight lines on the lace curtains and between the rooms in archways and doors.

Candy hearts with mottoes might be used for the game of hidden hearts, instead of peanuts, and more appropriate they would be.

Cup Cake.—Use any recipe for a rich white cake; bake in heart-shaped gem pans and frost with boiled frosting. Decorate with the tiny candy hearts and red candies.

Nellie Maxwell.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c. m

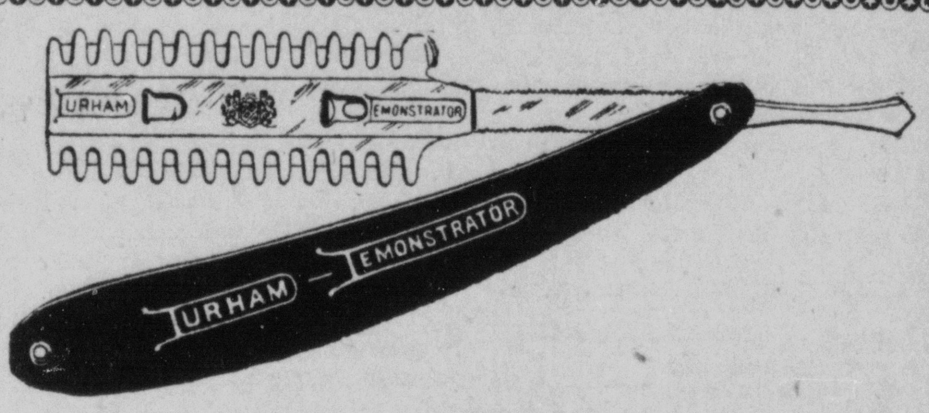
Everyone reads the "Want Ad" column.

Try
Dr. Shoop's
Health
Coffee
IMITATION
Looks like coffee,
smells like coffee,
tastes like coffee,
but not a
grain of
coffee in it
8 oz. pkg. - 10cts.
24 oz. pkg. - 25cts.
FOR SALE BY
M. H. BRAND
PHONE 549

S.S.S. HEALS OLD SORES

Before any sore can heal, the cause which produces it must be removed. As long as the blood, from which our systems receive their necessary nourishment and strength, remains impure and contaminated with disease germs, any old sore on the body will remain open, and resist every effort made to heal it. The nerves and tissues of the flesh around the places are continually fed with unhealthy matter and nature is simply disposing of the poison by draining it from the system through the sore. The only cure for an old sore is a thorough cleansing of the blood, entirely ridding the system of the cause. S. S. S. heals old sores by removing every particle of impurity from the circulation. It goes down to the very bottom of the trouble and so completely cleanses the circulation that there is no longer any impurity to drain through the sore, but the place is once more nourished with rich, healthful blood. S. S. S. heals the sore from the bottom, the place soon fills in with healthy, firm flesh, the tenderness leaves, all discharge ceases, the skin regains its natural color and when S. S. S. has thoroughly cleansed and purified the blood the place is permanently healed. Book on Sores and Ulcers and any medical advice free to all who write.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.



100 Demonstrator Durham Duplex Safety Razors, Like Cut, WHILE THEY LAST AT
35cts. each.

An exact model of their $5.00 Razor and warranted perfect. Some stores have sold as high as 500 of these Razors in 1 day.

5000 Owl Cigars just received, 3 for.......... 10c
Car load Wire Nails just arrived, 6-8 and 10 penny size, 100 lbs. $2.25
Fresh Eggs per dozen.......... 25c
Best Granulated Sugar per lb.......... 6½c

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EAST SECOND ST. COUNTRY STORE

Bozzell's Meat Market

YOU WILL NEVER KNOW

Just how much BETTER OUR Meat is UNLESS YOU TRY IT ONCE.

We are very careful about buying stock so that our meat will always be tender.

Orders delivered to all parts of the city.

Butterine (substitute butter) at 20c per lb.

When ordering by phone, call 118.

DELZIE BOZZELL
226 S. Walnut St.

Just Received an EXTRA LARGE Line of Samples of
INGRAIN CARPETS

Prices from 35c to 65c per yd. Will take your order and lay carpet in two days. Call and see this extra fine assortment.

Room Size Rugs, 9x12—Prices Right. Straw Mattings—Prices from 15c to 25c per yard.

W. H. REYNOLDS
21-23, South Chestnut St. Phone 163.

Have Your BICYCLE AND LAWN MOWER CLEANED AND REPAIRED NOW
FOR SPRING USE
WE REPAIR BICYCLES, UMBRELLAS, BABY CABS, ETC., ETC.
W. A. Carter & Son,
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